# Spirit of Jefferson BENJAMIN, F. BEALL,

EDITOR AND PROPRIETOR

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will have the advantage of consultation with and advice of Messra. GREEN & LUCAS, in all business entrusted to him.

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OFFICE at the residence of Mr. Geo. W. Nicely.
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VIRGINIA. CHARLESTOWN,

Spirit of Jefferson,

BENJAMIN P. BEALL, Editor. CHARLESTOWN, VA.

Tuesday Morning, January 12, 1869.

The State ex rel C. E. Stubbs vs. The Board of Supervisors, and E. W. Andrews.

We have been furnished by a friend with the following curtailed report of the argument made in this interesting case, by John W. Kennedy, Esq., counsel for Major Andrews:-

Mr. Kennedy opened by alluding to the extreme desire manifested by the Hon Chas. James Faulkner and Mr. Blackburn (counsel for the relator) to press the court to an immediate decision of this, and the other mandamus case-Chase vs. Entler-at the very opening of the present session. It did not come with a good grace from these distin-guished counsel to urge the court, as they had done, to issue a peremptory mandamus in Chase vs. Entler without giving the Supervisors time to meet, after the case had been docketed, and make a return to the Rule. That case had been decided without the Supervisors having had time to meet and prepare their answer, notwithstanding the urgent prayer of the counsel for one of the defendants in this case for only siz days delay, within which time the Board would meet by law, when both cases could be heard together. Nor would be soon forget the language of His Honor in refusing these prayers. "If the Board did not feel sufficient in terest in these cases to have a call meeting, he would not delay the matter one day to suit their convenience."

This was not the policy of these learned counsel, nor the ruling of the court, in a case se name had been illegally and maliciously stricken from the list of registered voters.

Mr. K. said he was the petitioner in that case, and urged this court, term after term, for two long years, to grant a peremiory mandamus; and although the Board had never made any return to the Mandamus Nisi, and the bill was by law taken pro confesso, these same counsel who are now so anxious for a speedy decision used all their laurning, and influence with the court, to defeat the right of a citizen, entitled to vote under the constitution and laws, to exercise the right of suffrage. Considering the antecedents of one of the learned counsel-Mr. Faulkner-this demand for immediate action did not come well from him. Nor did the decision of your Honor in my

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a week since in Chase vs. Entler. case tally with that of your Honor render In Kennedy vs. the Registrars your Honor decided that, inasmuch as the Legislature by act had made the action of the Board of Registration final, this court could not compel them by mandamus, or any other process, to change their decision, and dismissed the petition. In the cases at Bar, the constitution and the act of assembly had made the Supervisors the judges of the election, qualification and returns of their own members, and of all county and township officers;" and, in the case of Chase vs. Eutler, after the Board had actually decided that Entler was elected, and issued to him a certificate of the fact, your Honor has ordered a peremptory mandamus, requiring them to reverse their decision, and give the certificate to his opponent, Mr. Chase.
One thing is certain, if the court was right

n Kennedy vs. the Board of Registration, it was wrong in Chase vs. Entler, and vice versa. The case vs. Andrews has the same marked catures. The Supervisors have, in the exercise of their discretion, declared that he was elected, and granted him a certificate of the fact. And your Honor is asked to follow your decision in Chase vs. Entler, and command the Supervisors to reverse their deci-

sion, and give Mr. Stubbs the certificate. Mr. K. felt much reluctance in arguing this case after the decision made in that case by your Honor; as that decision was predica ted upon the idea that the Court of Appeals in the case of Cunningham vs. Squires—2d West Va. Rept's—had decided that the Supervisors were an inferior tribunal, and as such this court could supervise and control their proceedings, and believing that that case decided no such thing, he felt bound, in duty to his client, to present his views upon that point, considering it still open.

He did not understand that decision court and counsel had done. If he believed the Court of Appeals had decided any such thing, he, out of respect for them, would not argue this branch of the case. Cunningham vs. Squires was a case of

tition to the Court of Appeals for a writ of

Prohibition to a Circuit Court to prohibit that court from reviewing by certiorari the proceedings of a Board of Supervisors. Judge Brown was the only judge who deivered an opinion in that case. He took the ground, as a reason for refusing the writ. that the Supervisors were an infertor tribunal, and, being such, certiorari would lie to the Circuit Court to supervise and control their proceedings. In this result Judge William A. Harrison concurred; but expressed

May he not have concurred in the result because he did not choose to say to a Circuit court, in advance of any action by that court. ings of that Board. It was time enough to ray so after the case had been heard in the Appeals upon a Writ of Error, or Supersedeas. Then, and then only, was it either necessary or proper for the Court of Appeals to decide whether the Court below had jurisdiction by certiorari over the proceedings of the Supervisors. Whether the Board of Supervisors was such inferior tribunal as the Circuit Court ould supervise or control their proceedings was not, in his opinion, decided by the court in that case. They simply refused to issue the Prohibition. And rightfully refused it.

One thing was certain that if the Court of

Appeals had so dec Was the Board of Article 6 of the Con by any process sup

ion. "The Board of judges of the elec urns of their own m and township officers
This language was
perative—"Shall be That being the po by the supreme haw

defined with exact certitude who were em-

He elaborated these views at length, and in winding up this branch of the argument, alluded to that part of Mr. Faulkner's arguprecisely similar-Kennedy vs. The Board of | ment in which he said that if this court could Registration—when a mandamus was prayed not supervise and control the proceedings of for to compel the Board to register the name the Supervisors, it would be to invest them county.

Mr. K's reply was that the elective franchise of this entire county was by the decision of this Court in Kennedy vs. the Registrars, vested in an irresponsible Board of Registration. A body of men, three in number, appointed by the Governor, and unknown to the Constitution of the State. It was not disposing of the elective franchise, but the right of a citizen duly elected to hold office. And, if that right was conferred upon the Circuit Judge, it would indeed enable him to exercise a King's prerogative. Mr. K. then passed to the other branches

He said that if he was wrong in holding that the Board of Supervisors was not such interior tribunal, he should contend that manlamus was not the groper remedy, for the easons.

1st. Because no demand had been made by

the relator upon the Board to do the thing demanded in this petition. Moses on Mandamus 204. 2nd. Because there was another legal remedy. Upon this point he cited the constitution

afford adequate relief Supersedess or Writ of Error would correct their proceedings. Not only were these legal remedies supplied, but the Legislature had given another—the right to contest the election before the Board.

Cases cited in support of 2nd point: King William Justices vs. Munday, 2 Leigh 165.

Oakes vs. Hill 8 Pek 47. The King vs.

3d. Because the Board, in the case at Bar, had acted upon their discretion; in their judicial capacity; and had rendered judgment; and that no case could be found where man-

aside a decision already made. The argument upon these points covered much ground and the cases cited many and to the point: Moses on Mandamus, 26 to 105. Ex parte Hoyt, 18 Peters 279. Arbury vs. Beavers, 6 Texas 457. 2d Bibb, 573. 7 Cowan, 363. Stephens Nisi Pries, 2294 to 2305. New York Reports, 490 to 494.— United States vs. Lawrence, 3 Dallas 42.— Ex parte Crane, 5 Peters.

Mr. K. closed his argument upon this point in his opinion delivered in the last case, in on the surface. The responses from the other are the voice of law, speaking through all and regal oppression.

JOHN C. BRECKINRIDGE. - John C. Brok-

- If you wish to get rich, get married. When was honey ever made with one bee i

earth, save the peop Constitution, could a from them and invest.

powered by the constitution with the control of all county elections.

He contended that the Supervisors were the Legislature of the county, having, by the

constitution and laws, the superintendence and control of all the internal affairs and fiscal concerns in their respective counties .-And, being such, were intended by the constitution within the sphere of their prescribed duties and powers, to be the highest tribunal -subject to no other.

He instanced the exact similarity of the language used in the Constitution of the United States in conferring these identical powers upon each House of Congress; that of our own constitution in giving to the Senate and House of Delegates the right to be the judges of the election, qualifications and returns of their members, and said that the Supreme Court might as well attempt by mandamus to supervise and control the Congress, or the Court of Appeals either House of the Legis-

of the case.

to show, if the Board could be controlled at all, certimari would lie, and if this did not afford adequate relief Supersedeas or Writ of

Archbishop of Canteberry 8 East 213. The State vs. Holliday 3 Holst 205. The People vs. Trustees of Brooklyn 1 Wen 318. Marbury vs. Madison 1 Cranch 137. damus would lie to correct the errors of inferior tribunals, or to compel them to render any oper judgment but their own, or to set

by reciting the language of Justice Baldwin, 1831: "I have thus searched among the fountains, and consulted the written oracles of the common law. The streams of justice which have flowed from the one have run in one unbroken current for 546 years, without such a mandamus as this seen floating even ages, in one unvarying tone; delivering the results of wisdom, developed in principles; matured, digested, explained, enforced, and supported during five centuries, amidst all the conflicts of party vengeance, civil war,

inridge is not rich. He is poor; but he is not no opinion further. Judge T. W. Harrison dissented. These judges comprised the court. Clearly Judge T. W. Harrison was of the opinion, as he was for issuing the write that opinion, as he was for issuing the writ, that risk. He was urged to do so by many; and the Supervisors were not an inferior tribunal. on one occasion, at Paris, in the antumn of 1866, Court below, and it had come to the court of to my profession, not only as the surest, but two bundles, they won't pester the lady much." as the most suitable and available and agreeable means of providing it." In speaking thus we doubt not he was sincere. His enemies will give him credit for a keen, discriminating judgment, for the strictest personal integrity, and for remarkable prudence.

-Whiskey is now called in well-informed

Life is a shadowed light,
Life is a Pilgrim's hymn,
Life is an echo strange
Heard in the twilight dim.
But Death soon unveils man's shadowless day
And shelters the fraveler lone;
The echoes of earth are all lost in the strains
That swell from the Master's Throne.

Life is a thought worked out—
Worked on a stage sublime—
Worked 'neath the Angel's eyes—
Worked in the tasks of Time.
But Death early ends both the thought an

Ends both in a rapture sublime,
While the Angels bend o'er him in jubitant bands
And crown the True Worker of Time. Life is the breath of God, Life is His smile or frown, Life is the victim's cross, Life is the victor's crown.

But Death takes the breath from earth back to G On guilt bends his withering frown; While the smile of His fove, in radiant glow, Lights the way from the Cross to the Crown. Life is an endless curse, 'Life is an endless bliss,

Life in the other world

Is as we choose in this.

O Death, which of these! In awe we must wait, And list for thy summoning call; With hands crossed on breast and eyes closed i we'll rest 'neath thy dark flowing pall. Louisville, October 2, 1868

> LINES. Like him who toils a desert waste, Despairingly athirst. Seeking with halting steps the place Where cooling waters burst; And, ever and anon, sinks down Beneath the Sun's bright ray, But riseth still and urges on His weary, toilsome way;

So I beneath the load of life, And by its cares opprest,
Troubled and wearied with its strife,
Do, longing seek for rest. My God! direct my erring feet Across life's burning sand, And let me taste the waters sweet That cheer the heavenly land.

MISCELLANEOUS From Winchester to Strasburg.

A LAUGHABLE EXPERIENCE. Among the many familiar chronicles of the war none excels in interest the "Diary of Southern Refugee during the War." (Hale & Son, N. Y., 1867.) It is understood to be from the pep of a gifted lady of Virginia, wife of an Episcopal clergyman, and member of a family connection widely known and

esteemed. The humorous extract below strikes us as not unworthy of Dickens, and is commended to the attention of our readers .- [Eds. Lynchburg News.

"We left Winchester in the stage coach for

Strasburg at 10 o'clock at night, on the 24th

of December, 1861. The weather was bitter cold, and we congratulated ourselves that the coach was not crowded. Mr. McG, and the girls were on the back seat, a Methodist clergyman, a soldier and myself on the middle, and two soldiers, and our maid Betsy on the front seat. We went off by star light, with every prospect of a pleasant drive of eighteen miles. As we were leaving the suburbs of the town, the driver drew up before a small house from which issued two women with a baby, two baskets, several bundles and a box. The pessengers began to shout out, "Go on, driver; what do you mean? there's no room for another; go on." The driver made no answer, but the women came to the coach door and began to put in their bundles. The gentlemen protested that they could not get in-there was no room. The woman with the baby said she would get in; she was "agwine to Strasburg to spend Christmas with her relations, whar she was born and raised. and whar she had not been for ten years, and nobody had a better right to the stage than she had, and she was agwine, and Kitty Grim was agwine too-she's my sister-law; and so is baby, 'cause' baby never did see her rela-tions in Strasburg in her life, So, Uncle Bool" she exclaimed to the driver, "take my bag, basket and box by you, and me and Kitty and baby, and the bundles and the little basket will go inside." All this was said amidst violent protestations from the men within: "You can't get in, driver, go ou." But, suiting the action to the word, she opened the door, calling, "Come Kitty," got on the step and thrust her head in, saying: "It these gentlemen is gentlemen, and has got any politeness, they will git out and set with Uncle Ben, and let ladies come inside." A pause ensued. At last a subdued tone from the soldier on the middle seat was heard to say; "Madam, if you will get off the step, I But is it as clear that Judge William A. the Governorship of Kentucky happened to will get out." "Very well, sir; and why be suggested, when when he said; "I would didn't you do that at first? And now," said people, if I could get one outside of Kentucky; but if I could be returned to my old place in you git out and let Kitty Grim have your that it should not, if in its opinion it had jurisdiction over the Board of Supervisors by certiorari, supervise and control the proceedincrease of the Board of Supervisors by go back to Washington. I am growing in the very expression of his back, as he got out years, and have been losing in fortune. My of the coach, was subdued. "Now Kitty, family is increasing—I need money, and look get in, and bring the little basket and them

two bundles, they won't pester the lady much."
The door was closed, and then, the scens being over, the passengers shouted with laughter.
Our heroine remained perfectly passive until we got to the picket-post, a mile from town. The driver stopped; a soldier came up for passports. She was thunder struck. "Passes! passes for white folks! I never heard of such a thing. I ain't got no pass; nother is Kitty Grim." I suggested to her to keep quiet, as the best policy. Just at that time a Tennessee soldier had to confess that he had forgotten to get a passport, "You will encourage it liberally.—Win. Times.

In it to poison and kill after many days—perhaps weeks or months—and might, for aught in a street car, is too good to be lost: of a couple of Tentonic gentlemen, atting in a street car, is too good to be lost: of a couple of Tentonic gentlemen, atting in a street car, is too good to be lost: of a couple of Tentonic gentlemen, atting in a street car, is too good to be lost: of a couple of Tentonic gentlemen, atting in a street car, is too good to be lost: of a couple of Tentonic gentlemen, atting in a street car, is too good to be lost: of a couple of Tentonic gentlemen, atting in a street car, is too good to be lost: of a couple of Tentonic gentlemen, with the enterprising gentlemen who have recently purchased the Greenwood Mills, design turning it into a first class paper mill. We sincerely the passence of a couple of Tentonic gentlemen, at the enterprising gentlemen who have recently purchased the Greenwood Mills, design turning it into a first class paper mill. We sincerely the one at the car, seeing a "flashy" drawed fellow come in and take his set at at opposite enterprising gentlemen who have recently purchased the form where they were unting, and it is a street car, is too good to be lost: of a couple of Tentonic gentlemen, with the fellow come in and take his set at at opposite enterprising gentlemen who have recently end from where they were unting, and it is a street car, seeing a willashy drawed fellow c

Ain't I got three is? and they fit at Manassas, and they ain't no cowards, nuther is their mother; and I ain't agwine to git out of this stage this night, but I'm gwine to Strasburg, whar I was born

and raised." The poor man looked non-plussed, but yet another effort; he began, "My dear madam."
"I ain't none of your dear madam; I'se just a free white woman, and so is Kitty Grim, and we ain't no niggers to get passes, and I'se gwine 'long this pike to Strasburg. Now I'se done talking." With this she settled herself on the seat, and leant back with a most determined air; and the discomfitted man shut the door amid peals of laughter from within and from without. In a few moments we were quiet again, and all began to settle themselves for sleep, when the silence was broken by our heroine: "Kitty, is you sick?" "No," said Kitty. "Well, it is a worder. Gentlemen, can't one of you take Kitty's seat, and give her yourn? she gits monstrous sick when she is a riding with her back to the horses."— There was a death like silence, and my curiosi-ty was aroused to know how she would manage this point. After a few moments she began again, "Kitty, is you sick?" "No," says Kitty, "not yit." Well, I do wish one of you gentlemen would give Kitty his seat." Still when she raised her voice: "Kitty Grim, is you sick?" "Yes," said Kitty, "just a little." I knowed it : I knowed she was sick ; and when Kitty Grim gits sick, she most in gineral flings up!" The effect was electric. "My de r midam," exclaimed both gentlemen at once, "take my seat; by all means take my seat." The Methodist clergyman, being nearest, gave up his seat and took hers. The

fairly outgeneralled the third time." Imagination-If not Reality. Sometimes driven from the obvious world

change was soon effected amidst the most up-

roarious langhter, all feeling that they were

by its intolerable rascality, we take refuge for a little rest, in those realms of fancy where we can do justice on the Anakim, whose strength and multitude defy us here. We will not tell how we have erected there a steam cowhide of a cavalry-regiment horse power, and what satisfactory flagellation we preside over, in that fancied place of retribuion. But sometimes we have pictured to ourselves what would appear in som rich New England town, should a guardian angel of the oppressed lose his patience and suddenly enlow every article stolen from the South with consciousness and locomotion. From yonder mansion of the wealthy fish dealing deacon we would see a grand piano edge itself through the door and crawl away southward, while its delighted keys would rattle, "Away down in Dixie." From that snug trim cottage of virgin patience and spinster economy, a sofa would essay to escape on its three legs, (the fourth stuck on with Spaulding's glue refusing to leave the corner where it is propped.) and breaking down in the attempt, cry piteously "Carry me home to old Virginny."-Out of the parson's library would rush a confused crowd of books, clamoring in various tongues, "We are on our journey home."-Most grievous and estisfactory of all, we should see the rings fly from delicate fingers and tear away from dishonest ears, and heavy silk un-wind its folds from the carefully prepared person of worshiping devotees, and all go glancing and dancing and rustling down the aisle to the tune of "The girl I left behind me."-What an apocalypse of roguery, what a grand

panorama of petty larceny, what a peeling of hypocrisy it would be !— Epis. Meth.

The Bite of a Dead Battlesnake. M. Delahaye, a French draughtsman, was lately bitten by a dead rattlesnake, and might have lost his life but for prompt and efficient precautions. The gentleman had been makng a drawing of a stuffed rattlesnake, and replacing it in its case the spring which held the jaws asunder suddenly slipped, and the teeth came down on the draughtsman's finger and inflicted a sharp wound. He immediately sucked the wound, tied a thread tightly above it to prevent circulation, and sought surgical aid. The wound was soaked in strong alkali, then cauterized, and other usual remedies against poison were employed. In about an hour all symptoms of danger were over .-To satisfy themselves, the surgeons then pro-cured a healthy rabbit, and pricked him with the same tooth with which Delahaye had been wounded, and the animal died in convulsions in half an hour.

This reminds us of a story, which we believe is entirely authentic, and which we give according to our recollection : Some years ago, a New England farmer at work in the fields, was bitten in the leg, through his boot, by a rattlesnake, and in a short time died of the wound. A brother inherited the boots, and unsuspectingly wore them. In a short time the leg of the wearer bore marks of havbeen scratched in the same place where t first owner was bitten by the snake, and the symtoms of poison followed, and ultimately death itself. This led to the examination of the boot leg, and there was found the point of the snake's fang, sticking in the leather, which, small as it was, had virulence enough in it to poison and kill after many days—per-haps weeks or months—and might, for aught we know, have killed successive generations,

ed these words: "No man shall be mprisoned, or deprived of his own free house-old, or of his liberties, or of his own free ustoms, or outlewed and banished, or injured in any manner; nor will we pass sentence upon him, nor sendtrial upon him, unless by the legal judgment of his peers, of by the law of the land." This is the great germ of

our civil liberty.

It was defended in England by many bloody wars, and has been ratified by many acts of Parliament, and at the present day no King or Parliament of England would dare in any corpus. It was engrafted as a fundamental principal in our Constitution, and our fore-fathers believed it to be a sure guarantee for the rights of future generations.

About six years before the Federal Con-

stitution was adopted a remarkable prophecy was uttered under the following circumstances: In 1780, Henry Laurense, former President of the Continental Congress, was sent as Minster to Hollafd.

On his way, he was captured and imprisoned the Tower of London for fourteen months When Lord Shelburne became Premier, Laurens was brought up on habeas corpus and released. After his release he dined with Lord Shelburne, when the conversation turned on the separation of the two countries. Lord Shelburne remarked, "I am sorry for your people." "Why so?" asked Laurens. "They will lose the habeas corpus," was the reply. "Lose the habeas corpus!" said Laurens, in astonishment. "Yes," said Lord Shelburne. "We purchased it with centuries of wrangling many years of fighting, and had it confirmed by at least fifty acts of Parliament.

"All this taught the nation its value; and it is so ingrained into their creed as the very foundation to their liberty that no man or party will ever dare trample on it. Your people will pick it up and attempt to use it, but having cost them nothing, they will not know how to appreciate it. At the first great internal feud that you have the majority will trample upon it, and so will go your liberty."

A Western Sermon.

The following unique discourse was delivred to a congregation of saints at Salt Lake by a novitiate who had labored in one of our

new Territories : Brothers and Sisters—I have a very practical but searching discourse to bring bei you this morning, and one which is of great ersonal importance to all. I therefore most earnestly desire you to pay the strictest altention to my words.

My text is: "Why stand ye here all the

will repeat it again: "Why stand ye here all the day idle?" For the benefit of that man who has just come in I will read it again for the last time : Why stand ye here all the day idle?"
Why? Why? Why? Why not if? Why not it? Why not of? Why not because?
Why stand? Why stand? Why not sit?

Perhaps some have not heard me, and I

Why not lie? Why not kneel? Why not Why stand ye? Why ye? Why not me? Why not she? Why not it? Why not shat dog? Why not that woman sitting in the

Why stand ye here? Why here? Why not there; Why not down cellar? Why not up garret? Why not in that church nonder? [Here he pauses and says: "I don't know how you feel, brothers and sisters, but I wish some one would open a window."]
Why stand ye here all? Why all? Why

not part? Why not a half a dozen? Why

A young woman has just entered the gal-lery, and for her especial benefit I will re-peat my text, in order that she may fully anderstand what we are discussing.
"Why stand ye here all the day idle?" Why stand ye here all the day? Why the lay? Why not the night? Why not the

morning? Why not the evening? Lastly and finally. Why stand ye her all the day idle 1 Why idle? Wby not at work? Way not wing Why not reaping? Why not spinning?—
Why not weaving? Why not washing?—
Why not ironing? Why not scrubbing?—
Why not digging?
My brothers and sisters: I have exerted

myself to a great extent in order that you might leave this house of worship fully impressed with the sense of duty imposed upon you, and hoping that I have not wearied you -and I am very sure that I have not I bid you good morning!

ALMOST A SUICIDE.—One day last week a "little unpleasantness" occurred between Mr. John Brown and his wife, (both colored individuals), residing on Washington street, the result of which was that Mr. B. adminthe result of which was that Mr. B. administered to his spouse a severe drubbing. This treatment naturally provoked her, coming from one who had promised to "love, honor and protect," and she reported him to a Magistrate, who sentenced Mr. B. to a few hours' sojourn at the hopitable mansion of Capt. Kurts. Having gallantly served out his probation there, he returned to his home, and in the presence of Mrs. B. processed a personnel. the presence of Mrs. B. procured a rope, adjusted it about his neck, attached it to a peg, and expected to depart with a beautiful strain from his wife, commencing-

"John Brown's soul is marching on," but when the rope began to tighten, Brown began to call lustily for help, which was extended in time to save him from thus summarily shuffling off this mortal coil. We advise John to put up bereafter with a family jars now and then .- Win. Times.

the disobedience of our first parents. The malignity of this unserupulous leader, unsuperstanced by any moral or political principle, finds only a vent in oppression and trickery. Having assisted in description, of such men as Stuart, Neeson, baldwin, Wyndham Robertson, and the most of their associates in the late Richmond meets of the results of the security, and to the share, of the security and to the share, of the security and to the share, of the security and to the share, and the share are shared in the share are shared in the share and the share are shared in the shared in the share are shared in the sh of their associates in the late Richmond meeting; but, from our point of view, their attempt to have a restoration of the State to the rights and privileges of membership in the Union is impelled by neither true patriotism or pure political honesty. Some people seem to have a wonderful idea of great blessings to flow from "general amnesty," but if all the good, which the most sanguine temperaments fancy, would follow the political act, we cannot but regard the price offered as far too great. "General amnesty" may be a good thing, but "manhood suffrage" is too much to pay for it. The elective franchise has been the cause of the sounty heretafara; but if the general amnesty heretafara; but if the homes of his loyal associates, the rich pickings of a Court that was only too willing to wink at his trickery and fraud, and to aid the state are to be opened to it, we can see nothing but greater political degradation the curse of the sountry heretofare, but if the ignorant negro crowd is to be added to the mass of the voting population, and the offices of the State are to be opened to it, we can see nothing but greater political degradation awaiting the grand old mother of States and of statesmen. If we are to have negro voting and negro office-holding—for that is the simple meaning of "manhood suffrage,"—let it be forced upon us by our unscrupulous and malignant conquerors, but do not let us even receive the blow without carnest protest, much less add to its shame by a quick proffer of willingness to accept it. But if this great we is to come to Virginia, we want to bear our lot and part in it. West Virginia can offer us no price which would prompt us to submit willingly to "the deep damnation of our taking off" from our always honored and much loved mother. day a perdorse

### OUR STATUS.

erkeley and Jefferson counties. We are at a loss to know what this means. The case West Virginia to the bill filed by Virginia.
On this demurrer, as we understand it, the Court was divided, four and four; and, strangely enough, it was also divided on the question of the effect of this first division. We had always regarded an equal division of a court upon any question as good as a decision against the party "making the motion"; but it seems that the Supreme Court, in one case, ught otherwise, and, hence, West Virginin's demurrer still stands undecided. Som thing has to be done with this demurrer be fore further steps can be taken in the case,-If it should be decided in favor of West Virginia, there is an end of the case. If it should fail-in other words, be decided in favor of Virginia, then the case is to be tried on its merits; and to this end, testimony must be taken, by the demurrer, on its answer to our bill-which, we presume, will not be put in until some disposition of the demurrer is had —all the facts charged in our bill are admitted by West Virginia. It may be, however, that a re-argument of the case, as it stands en the demurrer, is to be had, and that the Court has fixed a day for such re-hearing.

Until the Court finally decides that we belong to West Virginia, as we fear political prejudices may prompt some of its members to do, the "Spirit" will continue to be published at "Charlestown, Virginia."

## A SUGGESTION.

The chief reason the ultra Radicals in Conress alledge for their intended interference with the State of Maryland, is that a large number of her citizens are deprived of the right of suffrage. This, of course, refers to the male negroes, over the age of 21. Now, we would suggest, in all sincerity, that while Congress has its hand in, it look into the serious wrongs existing in West Virginia, It is known to every one that there are many thousands of white men in the State, who are citizens of the United States, according to the Federal Constitution, who are not only deprived of the right of suffrage for Federal or State offices, but expressly declared not to be citizens of the State. These many thousands of white men have their permanent comes within the State : but are denied the plainest rights guaranteed by the plainest provisions of the Federal Constitution. If larvland is to have her number of Represenis denied the right of suffrage, let her members of Congress insist upon it that Congress shall apply the same process of pruning to West Virginia, fully one half of whose white men are deprived of the same right.

## Deaths of Distinguished Men.

Gen. ROUSSEAU, commanding the Depart-

28th day of March 1867, made a Brigadier

General in the United States army, with the brevet rank of Major General.

Hon. JOHN MINOR BOTTS, died at his residence in Culpsper county, Va., on Friday last. His remains were taken to Richmond for interment

the disobedience of our first parents. The HIS OPINION OF ELIHU B. WASHBURNE.

the county, there was one body that could had a leaning to conservatism, and a stro leaning to honesty and fairness; and none of these qualifications found fayor with Chapline, or his associates in the Legislature of Wes Virginia. The matter was brought before the body of which the incomparable Joe. is the head-centre, and without notice or legal advisement, the four Conservative townships of the county are thrown into a crucible, and after a process of Radical smelting, the four are reduced to two—Charlestown and Osbourn are made one, and the child is christened "Grant," whilst Harper's Ferry and Bolivar "After a moment's reflection, he added: "I do not say that I have not thought of do-We see it stated by some of our exchanges that an early day has been fixed for the argument of the case, in the Supreme Court of the United States, relative to the status of and Shepherd, and Averill, all reliably loyal, are untoucked, and are allowed full represen tation in the Board of Supervisors, but contumacious Charlestown and Harper's Ferry, because there are a few names in Sardis who have not defiled their garments, are made to succumb to the imperial edict of the impe-

> We are not trying to exagerate this picture, but only desire to give it its true coloring. The spleen of Chapline triumphed, as will be seen by the proceedings of the Board, which met on Tuesday last, and which assumed for itself authority to reject a selected Supervisor, Mr. George H. Turner. Being now under Radical control and influence; the people of the county have nothing to expect from the Board of Supervisors, and if their taxes are piled mountain high, they may lay it to the charge of the disinterested patriots of the Chapline school, who are willing to sacrifice the public interests for their own aggrandize-

The Board of Supervisors, as at present constituted, is an illegal body; and the action of the Legislature of West Virginia, under the leadership of the execrable Chapline, has no warrant in the Constitution of the State. But like the amiable and unlamented Thad Joseph and his brethren are ready to act "outside of the Constitution" whenever the interests of Radicalism require it.

As we are living without the pale of the

law, and have no common interest with other portions of the county, we advise the former townships of Harper's Ferry and Charlestown to become a law unto themselves, and to hang Joe. Chapline and his confreres the first time they are caught within their bailiwicks.

## Virginia and Congress.

The Alexandria Gazette of Saturday says that the gentlemen who are now in Washing-ton, as a committee from the late Conference held in Richmond, have a very delicate duty to perform—both on account of their position, and from the fact that they cannot vouch for the public sentiment of the State being in favor of their movement. They were not appointed by a Convention of the people, or by pointed by a Convention of the people, or by any body claiming to represent the people.—
They must, therefore, be guarded, in what they propose, as well as in what they say or do, and cannot commit others to what they may deem proper—it, indeed, there is any prospect of their being favorably received, or their suggestions being adopted by the Radical leaders in Congress. In the meantime, the press of the State is, we think, coming wisely to the conclusion, that inasmuch as this committee has gone to Washington. It is better to wait patiently and see what will be the result of their mission. It is still more than probable that the people will be called on first to vote, simply, upon the Underwood constitution.

DEATH OF JOHN O. GOGGIN.-The anncement of the death of our disting Gen. Rousseau, commanding the Depart-ment of Louisiana, died in New Orleans, on the night of the 7th inst., having taken leave in this city last evening, will be received by of his friends and staff shortly before the moment of expiration. The manifestations of regret are universal.

General Rousseau was born in Kentucky, from which State he was appointed. Having served with distinction as a volunteer officer in the recent war, and risen to the grade of Major General of volunteers, he was on the Major General of volunteers, he was on the

— A farmer near Bloomington, Illinois, re-cently lost three children in a most remarka-ble manner. He started with his family to Brevet rank of Major General.

Hon. John Minor Borrs, died at his residence in Culpsper county, Va., on Friday last. His remains were taken to Richmond for interment.

Governor Hoffman is thirty-nine years of age, and the youngest Governor N. York ever had except Seward.

ble manner. He started with his family to ride to Bloomington, eight miles, in a wagon. The three children were put down in the bottom of the wagon, carefully wrapped up in straw and a buffalo robe. The father and mother occupied the front seat, thinking their little ones very comfortable. On raising the robe at the end of the journey all three were less a politician, and a better politician if he were less a preacher."

WHAT HE THINKS OF FESSENDEN.

member of the United States Senate."

General Butler is a man of very great force of character. He would be a leader in any country in which he lived, and any cause which he espoused. The Republican party could better afford to lose almost any other of its centains.

its captains.

OEN. M'CLELLAN AND THE CABINET. In answer to the inquiry about the news-paper story that he had offered a Cabinet port-folio to General McClellan, Gen. Grant said: mot the head of a party. I shall be the executive officer of the whole people—not of a mere majority. If the interests of the people can best be served by any man, I would have no right to set him aside because he did not vote for me. Of course, all other things have no right to set him aside because he did not vote for me. Of course, all other things being equal, my personal or political preference might justly decide the competition.—But I shall never remove a good man and a competent officer who is a Democrat to make place for a bad man or an incompetent officer who is a Republican. I know something of politicians. While I believe I was the first choice of the masses of the Republican party, I believe I was the last choice of a majority of its leaders. If these latter had imagined there was any possibility of electing anybody else they never would have nominated me.—As we soldiers say of things we don't like to do, or doubt the right of doing, it is a military necessity; so the politicians considered my nomination a party necessity. Therefore, while I fully appreciate my indebtedness to the men who voted for me, I do not overrate my obligations to the men who nominated me. I do not wish you to understand that I have not a warm sympathy with the Republican party. As a party, I like it better than I like the Democratic party. As to the masses who compose the parties, I regard them as equally loyal, equally honest, and equally intelligent. As to the leaders, I think there are good men and bad men in each party; but I think the controlling element in the Republican party is more loyal, more honest, and more intelligent, than the controlling element in the Democratic party. The great objection to either party, in my mind, is the want of independence on the part of its members. I shall support the Republican party whenever its policy commends itself to my judgment and conscience, and I shall observe the same conduct toward the Democratic party. So in regard to appointments, if I think the interests

conscience, and I shall observe the same conduct toward the Democratic party. So in regard to appointments, if I think the interests of the country will be subserved by placing in office a man who opposed my election, this latter fact will not deter me from making the appointment. McClellan, continued General Grant, is an able soldier, a good citizen, and a pure man. He has great powers of organization. The Army of the Potomac was the best organized, the best equipped, and the best disciplined army the world ever saw.—For accomplishing this at least the country is indebted to McClellan. Another remarkable fact is that, while to a large extent McClellan lost the confidence of the country, he never tost the confidence of his army. I know full well that when I succeeded to the command of that army I did not supplant him in its affections. He was its first love."

HIS VIEWS WITH REGARD TO REBELS. "I am in favor," said General Grant to a friend, "of general amnesty. When the war ended I was in favor of a more extended amended I was in favor of a more extended amnesty than was either Mr. Lincoln or Mr.
Johnson. I was in favor of amnesty to all
except the men who organized the Confederate
Government, or rather those leaders who
organized the movement which declared the
rebel States out of the Union. Those who adhered to their States after they had estabadhered to their States after they had estab-lished a de facto government, and had nothing to do in organizing the rebellion, I thought it best to admit to amnesty. Now, I would make no exceptions." (The conversation oc-curred prior to the anpearance of the Pres-ident's last amnesty proclamation.) "I am in favor of peace, and I think the definition with that enemy whose manhood, however mistaken the cause, drew forth such Herculean deeds of valor. As we are compelled to live together, it is far better that we should forget

our differences and strive together to eradicate all the ill feelings engendered by the war."

NEGRO SUFFRAGE. In answer to an inquiry as to his views upon negro suffrage (in the same conversation) he said: "Negro suffrage is inevitable. I was bitterly opposed to it until it was forced upon us by the logic of events. The extension of suffrage will not forbid the supremacy of intelligence."

HENRY WARD BEECHER.

far more commendable, as it is far rarer, than physical courage. I have differed from his opinious sometimes. When I did, I involuntarily recalled the kind words of Mr. Lincoln, 'I am satisfied now that you were right and I was wrong."

ABOUT SUMNER.

"Senator Sumner," says Gen. Grant, "is a great scholar and a finished orator. I am not well qualified to judge such men as Sumner. He is a faithful representative of his State. If he had not been chosen by Massachusetts I do not believe he would ever have been a member of the United States Senate."

will."

"Raymond always reminds me, 'he read your of a jumping jack. He is beads up a up just as Seward or Weed move him. Raymond goes wrong I always feel like ing him, for he knows not what he does body supposes him to be anything but mouth-piece of Seward and Weed, thou, is a brilliant writer if he would be independent of the United States Senate."

## THE PROCLAMATION?

Debate in the Senate on Amnesty On Tuesday last, Mr. Ferry, of Connection offered a resolution requesting the Preside to transmit a copy of the late amnesty procumation, with a statement of the authority which he issued it. Mr. Ferry said that

tion was called to the proclamation, alth hethought it more important as raising a question in regard to the powers of the ecutive than in any other aspect. He did not find in the Constitution a grant of any succession powers as the President claimed in this case nor power to grant amnesty at all. In Englant the King had such a power, but that was because he represented the sovereignty of the station against which the offence is committed.

nation against which the offence is committed. There it is the King vs. A. B., but in the United States it is not the President vs. A. B., but the people vs. A. B., but the people vs. A. B., Mr. Conkling remarked that even in England, of late years, it has never been insisted that the King hada right to pardon by general proclamation without naming anybody pardoned. The President's proclamation assumed not merely that he had a right to parden B, charged with an offence but not convict of it, but that he has a right to dispen

New York had a right to pardon and set free all persons accused or suspected of burglary arson, murder, or any other crime,—a power never exercised, and never claimed.

Mr. Doolittle said that the Supreme Court had expressly decided in the case of Garland that the President has power, by general problamation, at any time after the commission of the offence, before legal proceedings, or during their pendency, as well as after conviction, to pardon offenders; and that Congress had no right whatever to limit this power, in the exercise of which the President does represent the sovereign people of the United States. He read from the decision of the Supreme Court in the Garland case in support of this ourt in the Garland, case in support of in

position.

Mr. Conkling inquired whether it was decided in the Garland case that the President could pardon in general terms before

onviction?

Mr. Doolittle replied that he believed that
Garland was pardoned under such a general Mr. Ferry asked whether the Senator any distinction between pardon and amount of the control of whether the persons pardoued were a the proclamation was, in his opinion, rial, and had not been decided by the rial, and had not been decided because no one had thought of r The President, having the righ

one offender, had, as a matter of right to pardon together several per ty or acquired of the same offence.

Mr. Davis approved of the resolution of the President but he had no doubt of the President. to grant the amnesty, the Constitu

of Mr. Burke the correct one. Peace means reconciliation. In my final report of the operations of my armies I expressed the hope that

could thus pardon all men for all offences a very important question.

Mr. Doolittle said that he had been mistak in saying that Garland was pardoned under general amnesty, without being named; he held the decision in that case to be the power of the President to pardon a grant reprieves, except in cases of impeacement, is unlimited: postion was then taken on the resolu ion, and it was adopted.

After depicting the demoralizing effects of a bloated paper currency, Mr. Washburne ventured his second proposition, viz: the plundering of the public treasury by robbers engaged in contracts and the squandering of the public lands would have to cease.—
"Good!" exclaimed Mr. Brooks of New York and several other Democrats. Mr. Washburne continued, and with his voice at its highest pitch aunounced that "Representatives must understand that they are but the servants of the people they represent, and are not to legislate for the benefit of them selves and the gamblers which erowd Washington." This is, indeed, phin talk, coming as it does from the President elect, who evidently intends that Congress shall understand from the very jump that it is but a coordinate branch of the Government, and must keep within its proper constitutional limits.

General J. Watson Webb, Minister to Brazil, was upon the floor during the delivery of Mr. Washburne's speech, and listened to it seemingly with deep interest. To night this speech is the principal topic of discussion in political circles, and the extreme men shake certain of the future.

## VALLEY ITEMS.

Royal held a supper and exhibited tableaux for the benefit of the noble object of decorating the graves of the Confederate dead. The

- On the arrival of the mail stage at W On the arrival of the mail stage at Woodstock, from Winchester, on Christmas night,
a rocket was thrown up by some boys, which
fell among the horses, just as Mr. Jesse Orndorff, the driver, had left his seat, causing
them to turn short round and run off at full
speed—upsetting and dragging the stage several hundred yards, when the fore wheels became detached, and the horses ran with it
about a mile. Fortunately, the stage was hut
little injured, but two of the horses were so
badly bruised that it was found necessary to

A slight row occurred in Staunton on Christmas day, between the negroes and whites, in which the negroes came out second best. Some half dozen negroes were knocked down and severely handled.

- Mr. Richards has sold about seventee acres off his farm, on the river, a few miles from Front Royal, to a Northern Company, for the purpose of erecting large matufacto-

— On Sunday, the 3d inst, a house in Luray, occupied by negroes, was burned to the ground with nearly all of its contents. A child about three months old, belonging to one of the women that lodged in the house

MATRIMONIAL MISTAKE EXTRAORDINA-BY.—An extraordinary matrimonial contretemps transpired in Williamson county on Christmas night. A double marriage occurred in the same house, and the wedding fastivities were celebrated in the old-fashioned style, and in that joyful way naturally prompted by Christmas and the blissfull event which made a double couple happy. About midnight both brides retired to rest, and in a half an hour thereafter the newly made husbands followed. By some strange mistake, each gentleman found his way to the wrong room. The mistake was not discovered until daylight, when one of the ladies shricked her surprise after a vigorous fashion. A general hubbub was the result, and at last accounts the brides were disconsolate, on account of the scandal created. All sorts of schemes of reparation were proposed, but it appears that no tangible plea for undeing the double mistake was arrived at. The above episode actually transpired as narrated.—Lanisville Jour. MATRIMONIAL MISTAKE EXTRAORDINA

There were seven hundred and forty fires in New York last year, the losses being estimated at \$4,342,371. The number is less by one hundred and thirty-three than the pre-vious year, and the loss less by \$1,368,629.

MCCURDY & DUKE (Successors to Ranson & Duke,)
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WILL Practice in the Courts of Jesseson and adjoining Counties of Virginia and West Virginia. Prompt attention given to all business entrated to them.

## Public Sale.

I AVING discontinued farming, I will offer at WEDNESDAY, FEBUARY 3rd, 1869, the following property, viz:
9 LARGE WORK MARES,

ONE SUPERIOR RIDING HORSE. FINE RIDING AND DRIVING HORSE. One Riding Pony, four two-year old Colle;
Two Yearing Colts;
Six Cows and four head of young Stock
Cattle; one hundred head of Sheep; some
thorough-bred Southdowns. All of the
tes have been running with an imported South-

One new Kriler's Gum Spring Drill; one Suddith Drill; One new McCormick Mower; One Buggy Horse-Rake, One Road Wagon and Bed, One broad-tread Wagon; One Gider Mill; two Cutting Boxes; Three new Barshare Ploughs, Three new Harrows,

200 BUSHELS SEED OATS.

TERMS OF SALE. JOHN A. WASHINGTON.

J. D. POTTERFIELD, Auctioneer,
January 12, 1869.

## PUBLIC SALE

Dry Goods, Notions, Shoes, Hats SATURDAY, JANUARY 16, 1869 HAVING determined to discontinue the Mercan tile business at this place, Loffer at PUBLIC AUCTION, my entire stock of goods, consisting

CHOICE AND DESIRABLE GOODS.

WANTED. PERSONS knowing themselves indebted to me by ACCOUNT or NOTE are requested to make early payment. TERMS, hereafter, CASH on delivery, except to prompt monthly customers, from this date, January 1, 1869.

A good stock of GOODS constantly on hand at lowest cash prices. Respectfully, Jan 12, 1869.

W. ERY.

A VARIED and beautiful assortment of Hand and Stand Lamps and Lanterns, just received by January 12, 1869. W. S. MASON. DR. WARREN'S TONIC CORDIAL. WILL cure Dyspepsia, Fever and Ague, A of the Stomach, Chronic Diarrhae, Flate

Harper's Ferry, January 12, 1869. DR. WM. HALL'S BALSAM for the Lungs, for c. E. BELLER.
Harper's Ferry, January 12, 1869.

JAMES M. JOHNSTON. le Factory, Jan. 5, 1869—1m.

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ENERAL AMNESTY---MANHOOD

SUFFRAGE.

#### It is to be regretted that any large body of respectable men could be found in Virginia, who would seek a "reconstruction" of the State at so fearful a price as that offered by the late conclave at Richmond. We are not willing to doubt the patriotism, much less the integrity, of such men as Stuart, Neeson Baldwin, Wyndham Robertson, and the most of their associates in the late Richmond meeting; but, from our point of view, their attempt to have a restoration of the State to the rights and privileges of membership in the Union is impelled by neither true patriotism or pure political honesty. Some people seem to have a wonderful idea of great blessings to flow from "general amnesty," but if all the good, which the most sanguine temperaments fancy, would follow the political act, we cannot but regard the price offered as far too great. "General amnesty" may be a good thing, but " manhood suffrage" is too much to pay for it. The elective franchise has been the curse of the country heretofore; but if the ignorant negro crowd is to be added to the mass of the voting population, and the offices of the State are to be opened to it, we can see nothing but greater political degradation awaiting the grand old mother of States and of statesmen. If we are to have negro voting and negro office-holding-for that is the simple meaning of "manhood suffrage,"-let it be forced upon us by our unscrupulous and malignant conquerors, but do not let us even receive the blow without earnest protest, much less add to its shame by a quick proffer of willingness to accept it. But if this great woe is to come to Virginia, we want to bear

### OUR STATUS.

much loved mother.

our lot and part in it. West Virginia can

offer us no price which would prompt us to

submit willingly to "the deep damnation of

our taking off" from our always honored and

We see it stated by some of our exchanges that an early day has been fixed for the argument of the case, in the Supreme Court of the United States, relative to the status of Berkeley and Jefferson counties. We are at a loss to know what this means. The case came up at the last term upon a demurrer by West Virginia to the bill filed by Virginia On this demurrer, as we understand it, the Court was divided, four and four; and, strangely enough, it was also divided on the question of the effect of this first division. We had always regarded an equal division of a court upon any question as good as a decision against the party "making the motion"; but it seems that the Supreme Court, in one case thought otherwise, and, hence, West Virgin ia's demurrer still stands undecided. Some thing has to be done with this demurrer before further steps can be taken in the case.-If it should be decided in favor of West Virginia, there is an end of the case. If should fail-in other words, be decided in favor of Virginia, then the case is to be tried. on its merits; and to this end; testimony must be taken, buthe demurrer, on its answer to our bill-which, we presume, will not be put in until some disposition of the demurrer is had -all the facts charged in our bill are admit ted by West Virginia. It may be, however that a re-argument of the case, as it stand on the demurrer, is to be had, and that the Court has fixed a day for such re-hearing.

Until the Court finally decides that we belong to West Virginia, as we fear political prejudices may prompt some of its members to do, the "Spirit" will continue to be published at "Charlestown, Virginia."

## A SUGGESTION.

The chief reason the ultra Radicals in Con gress alledge for their intended interference with the State of Maryland, is that a large number of her citizens are deprived of the right of suffrage. This, of course, refers to the male negroes, over the age of 21. Now we would suggest, in all sincerity, that while Congress has its hand in tit look into the se rious wrongs existing in West Virginia. It is known to every one that there are many thousands of white men in the State, who are citizens of the United States, according to the Federal Constitution, who are not enly deprived of the right of suffrage for Federal or State offices, but expressly declared not to be citizens of the State. These many thousands of white men have their permanent homes within the State; but are denied the plainest rights guaranteed by the plainest prospect of their being favorably received, or their suggestions being adopted by the Radprovisions of the Federal Constitution. ' If Maryland is to have her number of Representatives cut down because her negro population is denied the right of suffrage, let her members of Congress insist upon it that Congress shall apply the same process of pruning to West Virginia, fully one half of whose white men are deprived of the same right.

## Deaths of Distinguished Men.

Gen. ROUSSEAU, commanding the Department of Louisiana, died in New Orleans, on the night of the 7th inst., having taken leave | in this city last evening, will be received by moment of expiration. The manifestations of regret are universal.

General Rousseau was born in Kentucky, from which State he was appointed. Having served with distinction as a volunteer officer in the recent war, and risen to the grade of Major General of volunteers, he was on the 28th day of March 1867, made a Brigadier General in the United States army, with the brevet rank of Major General.

Hon. JOHN MINOR BOTTS, died at his residence in Culpepper county, Va., on Friday last. His remains were taken to Richmond for interment.

of age, and the youngest Governor N. York ever had except Seward.

### ANOTHER INFAMY.

To record all and such of the infamous acts of the Legislature of West Virginia, under the leadership of the super-loyal Chapline, would require a volume as extensive as the complete works of Shakespeare, and would completely throw in the shade all the edicts and enactments of all the princes, potentates and powers that have existed on the earth, since it was cursed by an offended God for the disobedience of our first parents. The malignity of this unscrupulous leader, untamed and unrestrained by any moral or political principle, finds only a vent in oppression and trickery. Having assisted in despoiling Virginia of her right to this county and having stood sponsor at its christening into the family of West Virginia, he has ever since exercised a guardianship over it, to the injury of the county, and to the shame, the disgrace, and expense and inconvenience of her people.

It might have been reasonably supposed that the removal of the county seat from the most central and accessible point in the county, to the most inconvenient and inaccessible place within her borders, would have satiated the malice of this enemy to his race; particularly, as it brought to his very door, and to the homes of his loyal associates, the rich pickings of a Court that was only too willing to wink at his trickery and fraud, and to aid him with all the advantages of especial favor-

But this was not enough. As organized

under the arrangement of the townships of the county, there was one body that could not be controlled by Chapline-one that would not cater to his insolence, or pay tribute to his assumptions. The Board of Supervisors, representing the seven townships, had a leaning to conservatism, and a stronger leaning to honesty and fairness; and none of these qualifications found favor with Chapline, or his associates in the Legislature of West Virginia. The matter was brought before the body of which the incomparable Joe. is the head-centre, and without notice or legal advisement, the four Conservative townships of the county are thrown into a crucible, and after a process of Radical smelting, the four are reduced to two-Charlestown and Osbourn are made one, and the child is christened "Grant," whilst Harper's Ferry and Bolivar are so blended together, that the former loses identity, and is swallowed up by its more unpretentious neighbor, Bolivar. Chapline, and Shepherd, and Averill, all reliably loyal, are untouched, and are allowed full représentation in the Board of Supervisors, but contumacious Charlestown and Harper's Ferry. because there are a few names in Sardis who have not defiled their garments, are made to succumb to the imperial edict of the impe-

rious Chapline. We are not trying to exagerate this picture, but only desire to give it its true coloring .-The spleen of Chapline triumphed, as will be seen by the proceedings of the Board, which met on Tuesday last, and which assumed for itself authority to reject a selected Supervisor, Mr. George H. Turner. Being now under Radical control and influence; the people of the county have nothing to expect from the Board of Supervisors, and if their taxes are piled mountain high, they may lay it to the charge of the disinterested patriots of the Chapline school, who are willing to sacrifice the public interests for their own aggrandize-

The Board of Supervisors, as at present constituted, is an illegal body; and the action of the Legislature of West Virginia, under the leadership of the execrable Chapline, has no warrant in the Constitution of the State. But like the amiable and unlamented Thad Joseph and his brethren are ready to act outside of the Constitution" whenever the interests of Radicalism require it.

As we are living without the pale of the law, and have no common interest with other portions of the county, we advise the former townships of Harper's Ferry and Charlestown to become a law unto themselves, and to hang Joe. Chapline and his confreres the first time they are caught within their bailiwicks.

## Virginia and Congress.

The Alexandria Gazette of Saturday says that the gentlemen who are now in Washington, as a committee from the late Conference held in Richmond, have a very delicate duty to perform-both on account of their position and from the fact that they cannot youch for the public sentiment of the State being in faor of their movement. They were not appointed by a Convention of the people, or by any body claiming to represent the people.-They must, therefore, be guarded, in what they propose, as well as in what they say or do, and cannot commit others to what they ical leaders in Congress. In the meantime, the press of the State is, we think, coming wisely to the conclusion; that inasmuch as this committee has gone to Washington, it is better to wait patiently and see, what will be the result of their mission. It is still more than probable that the people will be called on first to vote, simply, upon the Underwood

DEATH OF JOHN O. GOGGIN.-The announcement of the death of our distinguished and esteemed townsman, John O. L. Goggin, Esq., which occurred at his residence of his frienda and staff shortly before the our entire community with emotions of the deepest sorrow. Mr. Goggin was one of our most prominent, most highly esteemed, and most useful citizens, and for a number of years had been a distinguished member of the bar, where he had but few equals. For some time past he had been in failing health, but it was only a few days since that fears of a fatal result were anticipated .- Lynchburg News.

- A farmer near Bloomington, Illinois, recently lost three children in a most remarkable manner. He started with his family to ride to Bloomington, eight miles, in a wagon. The three children were put down in the bottom of the wagon, carefully wrapped up in straw and a buffalo robe. The father and mother occupied the front seat, thinking their

# GRANT'S VIEWS.

Washburne, Fessenden, Butler, Mc-Clellan, Raymond, Beeches and Others.

WASHINGTON, January Without pretending to entire verbal accuracy, I am able now to give you his expressed opinions about some other matters, and especially about men concerning whom he would naturally talk about this time.

HIS OPINION OF ELITIU B. WASHBURNE. General Grant says : " Washburne was my friend when I needed friends—when it was no advantage to be my friend, and when I had very few friends anywhere—scarcely any outside of the army. My friends are very numerous now. I often wonder how many them would remain my friends if my position and patronage were taken away from me. The friends of my adversity I shall always cherish most. I can better trust those who helped to relieve the gloom of my dark hours than these who are so ready to enjoy with me the sunshine of prosperity. The newspapers cannot alienate me from Washburne by any abuse of him or ridicule of his supposed influence with and over me."

WHAT HE THINKS OF FESSENDEN. Gen. Grant says of Fessenden: " I regard . him as the ablest statesman in the Senate. He is a man of a high order of intellect, of catholic views, of large and well-improved experience, and has that moral courage which is far more commendable, as it is far rarer, than physical courage. I have differed from his opinions sometimes. When I did, I involintarily recalled the kind words of Mr. Lincoln. 'I am satisfied now that you were right and I was wrong."

"Senator Sumner," says Gen. Grant, "is a reat scholar and a finished orator. I am not well qualified to judge such men as Samner. He is a faithful representative of his State. If he had not been chosen by Massachusetts I do not believe he would ever, have been a member of the United States Senate."

CONCERNING BUTLER. General Butler is a man of very great force of character. He would be a leader in any country in which he lived, and any cause which he espoused. The Republican party could better afford to lose almost any other of GEN. M'CLELLAN AND THE CABINET.

In answer to the inquiry about the news-paper story that he had offered a Cabinet portolio to General McClellan, Gen. Grant said : There is no truth in the report that I have offered Gen. McClellan a place in my Cabi net." After a moment's reflection, he added: "I do not say that I have not thought of doing it, and if I do it I know of no one who has a right to object. When I am inaugurated I shall be President of the United States -not the head of a party. I shall be the executive officer of the whole people-not of mere majority. If the interests of the people can best be served by any man, I would have no right to set him aside because he did not vote for me. Of course, all other things being equal, my personal or political preference might justly decide the competition .-But I shall never remove a good man and a competent officer who is a Democrat to make place for a bad man or an incompetent officer who is a Republican. I know something of politicians. While I believe I was the first choice of the masses of the Republican party, I believe I was the last choice of a majority of its leaders. If these latter had imagined there was any possibility of electing anybody else they never would have nominated me.-As we soldiers say of things we don't like to do, or doubt the right of doing, it is a military necessity; so the politicians considered my flomination a party necessity. Therefore, while I fully appreciate my indebtedness to the men who voted for me, I do not overrate my obligations to the men who nominated me. I do not wish you to understand that I have not a warm sympathy with the Republican party. As a party, I like it better than I like the Democratic party. As to the masses who compose the parties, I regard them as equally loyal, equally honest, and equally intelligent. As to the leaders, I think there are good men and bad men in each party; but I think the controlling element in the Republican party s more loyal, more honest, and more intelligent, than the controlling element in the Democratic party. The great objection to either party, in my mind, is the want of independence on the part of its members. I shall support the Republican party whenever its policy commends itself to my judgment and conscience, and I shall observe the same conduct toward the Democratic party. So in regard to appointments, if I think the interests of the country will be subserved by placing in office a man who opposed my election, this latter fact will not deter me from making the appointment. McClellan, continued General Grant, is an able soldier, a good citizen, and a pure man. He has great powers of organization. The Army of the Potomac was the best organized, the best equipped, and the best disciplined army the world ever saw .-For accomplishing this at least the country is indebted to McClellan. Another remarkable fact is that, while to a large extent McClellan lost the confidence of the country, he never lost the confidence of his army. I know full

of that army I did not supplant him in its affections. He was its first love." HIS VIEWS WITH REGARD TO REBELS. "I am in favor," said General Grant to a friend, "of general amnesty. When the war ended I was in favor of a more extended amnesty than was either Mr. Lincoln or Mr. Johnson. I was in favor of amnesty to all except the men who organized the Confederate Government, or rather those leaders who organized the movement which declared the rebel States out of the Union. Those who adhered to their States after they had established a de facto government, and had nothing to do in organizing the rebellion, I thought it best to admit to amnesty. Now, I would make no exceptions." (The conversation occurred prior to the appearance of the President's last amnesty proclamation.) "I am in favor of peace, and I think the definition of Mr. Burke the correct one. Peace means econciliation. In my final report of the operations of my armies I expressed the hope that we might live in perpetual peace and harmony. mistaken the cause, drew forth such Herculean deeds of valor. As we are compelled to live together, it is far better that we should forget our differences and strive together to eradicate all the ill feelings engendered by the war."

NEGRO SUFFRAGE. In answer to an inquiry as to his views upon negro suffrage (in the same conversa-tion) he said: "Negro suffrage is inevitable. I was bitterly opposed to it until it was forced upon us by the logic of events. The extension of suffrage will not forbid the supremacy of intelligence."

HENRY WARD BEECHER. Of Mr. Henry Ward Beecher the General says: "I guess Beecher don't want any office; but he would be a better preacher if he were less a politician, and a better politician if he were less a preacher."

"Dana is a man," said Grant "for whom report I should probably have been removed from my command. He is a shrewd man, and a man of letters. He is very susceptible for office under me. He is eminently for journalism, and I should consult his interest

try. His grandsons may, but neither he nor his sons are ever true Americans. I am of this decent myself, and therefore speak can-didly. No Scotchman ever expatriates himself except from necessity, and nothing here is equal to the 'Auld lang syne.' Bennett, like a true Scotchman, is ever ready to trade upon the misfortunes of his adopted country. He cares not how terrible a time it is for the country if it is only a good time for newspapers. He made his paper famous by making it infamous. It mattered nothing to him who was harmed so that he made mony. He has always conducted his journal upon the principle enunciated by the Scotchman who advised his son John: When you marry, marry n woman who has money. For one woman may turn out ill, but, Gad, the mouey never

BATMOND, SEWARD, AND WEED. "Raymond always reminds me," he replied "of a jumping jack. He is heads up or tails up just as Seward or Weed move him. When Raymond goes wrong I always feel like forgiving him, for he knows not what he does; no body supposes him to be anything but the mouth-piece of Seward and Weed, though he is a brilliant writer if he would be independent and strike out on his own hook. Seward is a man of very great ability and very little 'principle. If he had not entrusted his politics to Weed he might have been a statesman. Weed being a very corrupt politician, Seward was dragged down from the elevation of statesmanship to the lowest depths of demagoguery.

## THE PROCLAMATION.

Debate in the Senate on Amnesty. On Tuesday last, Mr. Ferry, of Connecticut, offered a resolution requesting the President to transmit a copy of the late amnesty proclamation, with a statement of the authority by which he issued it. Mr. Ferry'said that he offered the resolution because, although he favored the amnesty, he doubted the right of tion. He thought it important that the peo-certain of the future. ple of the United States should know whether the President had such a dispensing power as was implied in the issue of this proclamation. He believed that the assumption by the Executive of such a power was entirely unwarranted by the Constitution. The amnesty seemed to have been intended as a sort of Christmas present from the President of the United States to the President of the late Confederacy and his confederates.

Mr. Frelinghuysen also was glad that attention was called to the proclamation, although he thought it more important as raising a great question in regard to the powers of the Executive than in any other aspect. He did not find in the Constitution a grant of any such powers as the President claimed in this case. or power to grant amnesty at all. In England the King had such a power, but that was because he represented the sovereignty of the nation against which the offence is committed There it is the King vs. A B, but in the United States it is not the President vs. A B, but the people vs. A B.

Mr. Conkling remarked that even in Eng-

land, of late years, it has never been insisted that the King had a right to pardon by general proclamation without naming anybody pardoned. The President's proclamation assumed not merely that he had a right to pardon A B, charged with an offence but not convicted of it, but that he has a right to disnense clemency to all persons whatever. If that assumption was correct, then the Governor of New York had a right to pardon and set free all persons accused or suspected of burglary, arson, murder, or any other crime,—a power never exercised, and never claimed.

Mr. Doolittle said that the Supreme Court had expressly decided in the case of Garland that the President has power, by general proc lamation, at any time after the commission the offence, before legal proceedings, or during their pendency, as well as after conviction, t ardon offenders; and that Congress had no right whatever to limit this power, in the exercise of which the President does repre sent the sovereign people of the United States. He read from the decision of the Supreme Court in the Garland case in support of his

Mr. Conkling inquired whether it was decided in the Garland case that the President could pardon in general terms before conviction?

Garland was pardoned under such a general

well that when I succeeded to the command Mr. Ferry asked whether the Senator made any distinction between pardon and amnesty Mr. Doolittle said no. The question whether the persons pardoned were named in the proclamation was, in his opinion, immaterial, and had not been decided by the court because no one had thought of raising it. The President, having the right to pardon one offender, had, as a matter of course, a right to pardon together several persons guil-ty or accused of the same offence.

Mr. Davis aproved of the resolution of i quiry, because the subject was important; but he had no doubt of the President's right to grant the amnesty, the Constitution rest-ing such power wholly in the President—not at all in Congress. He thought there could be no doubt of the right to pardon before conviction, as well as after.

Mr. Conkling remarked that the decision in the Garland case did not go so far as Mr. Doolittle thought it did. The question, he said, was not whether the President could pardon a man for an offence, but whether he could thus pardon all men for all offences-Mr. Doolittle said that he had been mistaken

in saying that Garland was pardoned under a general amnesty, without being named; but he held the decision in that case to be that the power of the President to pardon and grant reprieves, except in cases of impeachment, is unlimited. The question was then taken on the resol tion, and it was adopted.

- Lorenzo Sibert, the great Steel King has purchased a fine location near Buffalo Gap i Augusta county, and immediately on the C. & O. R. R. where he proposes to erect works for the manufacture of his Manganese Steel on an extensive scale.

- There has been but one death in the Presbyterian Church of Staunton during the year just passed, and eighty-one conversions.

## GRANT'S POLICY.

is supposed to have been foreshadowed in a

by all parties in the House of Representa tives to hear the Hon. Eilhu B. Washburne in declining to remove him to any other as it was generally understood that he would as it was generally understood that he would speak by authority from General Grant; and the fact that he read from printed slips, pasted on sheets of foolscap, gave correct to the rumor. Mr. Washburne has never before been known to prepare a speech in advance, and rarely uses notes when addressing the House. The speech delivered to-day is said to have been submitted to and approved by the President elect as an authoritative foreshadowing of what his policy would be .-Just prior to Mr. Washburne's rising to address the House, Attorney General Evarts INSEY of this place, to Miss ALBERTA CLARKE, entered the Representative Hall and held a short conference with him, which, from the bobbing of heads that followed, seemed to be mutually satisfactory.

ly gathered around Mr. Washburne's seat, while the Democrats sat in silent but atten tive isolation on the opposite side of the hall The first proposition commenced was that "a new departure had to be taken" by the Radicals—the whole policy of the party had to be changed. This announcement caused an ex-traordinary opening of eyes and pricking up of ears. Schenck remarked to his colleague Garfield, "that, indeed, sounds as if speaking by authority."

After depicting the demoralizing effects of bloated paper currency, Mr. Washburne ventured his second proposition, viz: the plundering of the public treasury by robbers engaged in contracts and the squandering of the public lands would have to cease .-"Good !" exclaimed Mr. Brooks of New York and several other Democrats. Mr. Washburne continued, and with his voice at its highest pitch announced that "Representatives must understand that they are but the servants of the people they represent, and are not to legislate for the benefit of themselves and the gamblers which crowd Washington." This is, indeed, plain talk, coming as it does from the President elect, who evidently intends that Congress shall understand from the very jump that it is but a ccordinate branch of the Government, and must keep within its proper constitutional limits.

General J. Watson Webb, Minister to Brazil, was upon the floor during the delivery of Mr. Washburne's speech, and listened to the President to grant it in this sweeping way; it seemingly with deep interest. To night and he wished to have the question settled. | this speech is the principal topic of discussion Mr. Howard was very glad that the atten- in political circles, and the extreme men shake tion of the Senate had been called to the ques- their heads as if they were by no means

> - On Christmas Eve the ladies of Front Royal held a supper and exhibited tableaux for the benefit of the noble object of decorating the graves of the Confederate dead. The sum of \$200 was cleared. \$150 collected before makes the present fund \$350. Two hundred Confederate dead are estimated to be scattered over the soil of that gallant little county. Their remains it is desired to assemble in cemetery by the 1st of April. Mrs. Giles Cooke is president, and Miss Lucy Buck Secretary of the Association. Contributions may be sent to either of them.

- On the arrival of the mail stage at Wood stock from Winchester, on Christmas night a rocket was thrown up by some boys, which fell among the horses, just as Mr. Jesse Orndorff, the driver, had left his seat, causing them to turn short round and run off at full speed-upsetting and dragging the stage several hundred vards, when the fore wheels became detached, and the horses ran with it about a mile. Fortunately, the stage was but little injured, but two of the horses were so badly bruised that it was found necessary to

Christmas day, between the negroes and whites, in which the negroes came out second best. Some half dozen negroes were knocked down and severely handled. - Mr. Richards has sold about seventeen

for the purpose of erecting large matufacto-- On Eunday, the 3d inst., a house in Luray, occupied by negroes, was burned to

the ground with nearly all of its contents. was burned to death in the house.

#### JOHN W. McCURDY.] McCURDY & DUKE. cessors to Ranson & Duke. DEALERS IN

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The policy of the incoming administration, meech made in the House of Representatives Wednesday last, by Mr. Washburne, of

The Republican members were very quick-

- A slight row occurred in Staunton on

acres off his farm, on the river, a few miles from Front Royal, to a Northern Company,

A child about three months old, belonging to one of the women that lodged in the house,

MATRIMONIAL MISTAKE EXTRAORDINA BY .- An extraordinary matrimonial contretemps transpired in Williamson county on Christmas night. A double marriage occur-red in the same house, and the wedding festivities were celebrated in the old-fashioned style, and in that joyful way naturally prompted by Christmas and the blissfull event Mr. Doolittle replied that he believed that | which made a double couple happy. About midnight both brides retired to rest, and in a half an hour thereafter the newly made husbands followed. By some strange mistake, each gentleman found his way to the wrong room. The mistake was not discovered until daylight, when one of the ladies shricked her surprise after a vigorous fashion. A general hubbub was the result, and at last accounts the brides were disconsolate, on account of the scandal created. All sorts of schemes of reparation were proposed, but it appears that no tangible plea for undoing the double mis-take was arrived at. The above episode actually transpired as narrated.-Louisville Jour.

-There were seven hundred and forty fires in New York last year, the losses being estimated at \$4,342,371. The number is less by one hundred and thirty-three than the prerious year, and the loss less by \$1,368,629.

OUR AGRICULTURAL DEPARTMENT

embraces all the latest and most approved Implements and Machines of all kinds. We are Agents for McCormick's Prize Reaper & Mower, Geiser's Thresher and Separator, Bickford & Hoffman's and Keller's Gum Spring Grain Drills, all of R. Sinclair & Co.'s Manufactures, Soluble Pacific Guanq. Zell's Raw Bone and Super Phosphate of Lime, Patapaco Guano and other approved Fertilizers.

13- Cash paid for BONES and OLD IRON.

January 12, 1869.

BALTIMORE MARKETS. HOUGH, RIDENOUR & LANGDON. 124 South Eutaw St., Baltimore.

MARRIED. of Mr. George Kellison, by the Rev. J. W. Tongue, Mr. ANDREW J. HOBBS, of Harper's Ferry, to Miss MARTHA A. KELLISON, of Charlestown.

## DIED.

In this place, on Sunday, December 27th, 1968, fire ELIZ ABETH CAMPBELL, aged 57 years. In Lectown, January 8th, Infant son of John and Nellie Thompson, aged 3 weeka and 5 days. Same place, January 9th, of Pneumonia, CHAR-LIE, infant son of Geo. W. and Mary Nicely, aged 0 months and 24 days. Near Lectown, January 11th, Mrs. PHESE ANN vile of John W. Frith, aged 32 years.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS. JOSEPH TRAPNELL.

WHITE & TRAPNELL, Attorneys at Law, WILL Practice in the Courts of Jefferson and ad-joining Counties of Virginia and West Vir-ginia. Prompt attention given to all business en-

frusted to them. January 12, 1869-6m. DENTAL NOTICE.

DR. McCORMICK will visit Charlestown
Professionally on MONDAY, FEBRUARY 1st, and retoain one week. January 12, 1869-3t. A GOOD and Well Improved FARM, in the Valley, to exchange for Property in Brooklyn,
New York, Address
WALTON & CRAIGHILL,
Real Estate Agents, Charlestown, W. Va.

Real Estate Agents, Charlestown, W TO THOSE INDEBTED.

I HAVE a number of Accounts now outstanding, many of them running through the year, that MUST be settled AT ONCE, or I shall be forced to close up shop or curtail business. I hope those knowing my necessity will appreciate my wants, and settle and pay without further delay. Charlestovn, January 12, 1869-3t. F. P.

### Public Sale.

HAVING discontinued farming, I will offer at WEDNESDAY, FEBUARY 3rd, 1869. at "BLAKELEY," the residence of my father, R. B. Washington, three miles Southwest of Charlestown, the following property, viz:

9 LARGE WORK MARES, (SOME IN FOAL;) ONE SUPERIOR RIDING HORSE. ONE FINE LARGE SORREL STALLION 1 FINE RIDING AND DRIVING HORSE. One Riding Pony, four two-year old Colts;

Two Yearling Colts;
Six Cows and four head of young Stock
Cattle; one hundred head of Sheep; some
thorough-bred Southdowns. All of the
Ewes have been running with an imported Southdown Bush One set Wagon Gears for Six Horses, new, One set Wagon Gears for Six Horses, new, Nine set of Plough Gears, Wagon Saddle, One two-horse Spring Wagon and Harness; One new Keller's Gum Spring Drill; One Suddith Drill; One new McCormick Mower; One Buggy Horse-Rake, One Road Wagon and Bed, One broad-tread Wagon;

One broad-tread Wagon; One Cider Mill, two Cutting Boxes; Three new Barshare Ploughs, Three new Harrows,
Single and Double Ploughs; one Log Chain Fifth Chain and Spreaders, Breast Chains and Splices,

Double, Single and Thribble Trees 200 BUSHELS SEED OATS. and various other articles too numerous to mentio which are found on a well conducted farm. TERMS OF SALE. All sams of Ten Dollars (\$10,) and under, Cash above this amount, a credit of eight months—notes bearing interest with approved security. If punctually paid, the interest to be remitted.

J. D. POTTERFIELD, Auctioneer. PUBLIC SALE

Dry Goods, Notions, Shoes, Bats, QUEENSWARE, &c., SATURDAY, JANUARY 16, 1869. HAVING determined to discontinue the Mercan-tile business at this place, I offer at PUBLIC

AUCTION, my entire stock of goods, consisting CHOICE AND DESIRABLE GOODS. These goods have been bought with a view to the wants of this community, and cannot fail to please.

The terms of sale will be for all bills under \$5,00 Cash; for more than that, six months credit. Approved security will be required.

By-Auction to commence at 11 o'clock, A. M...

#### January 12, 1869. WANTED.

The Ladies are especially invited to attend,

PERSONS knowing themselves indebted to me by ACCOUNT or NOTE are requested to make early payment. TERMS, hereafter, CASH on delivery, except to prompt monthly customers, from this date, January 1, 1863. A good stock of GOODS constantly on hand at

VARIED and beautiful assortment of Hand and A Stand Lamps and Lanterns, just received by January 12, 1869. W. S. MASON. DR. WARREN'S TONIC CORDIAL. WILL cure Dyspepsia, Fever and Ague, Acidity of the Stomach, Chronic Diarrhae, Flatuleuce and Indigestion in all its forms. It is unrivalled as an Invigorator, exciting the Appetite and securing good Digestion. Delicate Females will find it highly efficacious in restoring the strength, relieving nervousness, exhiberating the spirits, stimulating the circufation of the blood, &c, for sale by

C. E. BELLER.

Harper's Ferry, January 12, 1869.

DR. WM. HALL'S BALSAM for the Lungs, for C. E. BELLER. Harper's Ferry, January 12, 1869. R. BENNETT'S sure Death to Rais, for sale by C. E. BELLER.

## POSITIVE NOTICE.

HAVING made out my accounts to the first of January, 1869, I request all persons indebted to me to come for ward and settle their indebtedness between this and the first day of February next.—
Those who disregard this notice, may expect their accounts to be collected by law, and no layoritism shown to any one. Some of these accounts have been standing from five to six years, and it is high time they were closed.

JAMES M. JOHNSTON.

Shannondale Factory, Jan. 5, 1869—1m.

## LAST NOTICE!

THE firm of TRUSSELL & CO. disposed of their Business in Charlestown more than three months ago, and yet the greater number of Accounts due the firm are remaining unsettled.—
These bills were made at Cash Prices, and this is therefore to notify ALL CONCERNED, irrespective of persons, that if the same are not closed, by payment or Note, by the lat of February ensuing, they will at once be put in other hands for compulsory settlement.

January 5, 1869—1m. January 5, 1869-1m.

UBIN'S, Remmel's, Phalon's, Glen's, and a va-riety of other choice Extracts, for sale by December 22. W. S. MASON. ROASTED Coffee for sale by December 22, 1868. RIRE Crackers for sale by

December 22, 1868.

In Quality, Style and Perfume warranted equal to the English and sold fully 50 per cent, cheaper, which accounts for the great falling off in the demand for the foreign soaps, and the unprecedented success of the American Company Toilet Soaps, now sold everywhere in the United States.

McKEONE, VAN HAAGEN & CO., Sole Manfre, Philadelphia and New York.

WANTED --- AGENTS --- To sell the A-MERICAN ENITTING MACHINE Price Address AMERICAN ENITTING MACBINE CO., Boston, Mass., or Sr. Louis, Mo.

GRAND RAPIDS, MICH., Sept. 10, 1869. IPPINCOTT & BLAKEWELL: The people seem to be crazy about yous RED JACKET AXES. Please send me twenty dozen more Qours truly, W. D. F.



CAUTION.—Unprincipled dealers are selling Axes painted red, as the RED JACKET AXE. The good qualities of this Axe consists in its superior cutting qualities, not in the Red Paint.

The "Red Jacket" is for sale by all responsible hardware dealers and the manufacturers.

NATIONAL AGRICULTURIST

PENNSYLVANIA FARM JOURNAL. DEVOTED to Agriculture, Horticulture and Ru-ral Economy. Published at Pittsburgh, Pa; J M. & G. D. KUESTER, Editors, assisted by a corps of Practical Contributors. Terms:—\$1 per annum; Ten Copies, \$7 50. Advertising, 25 cts. per line for each insertion.

THE CHEAPEST AND BEST COLLECTIONS Piano Music. A COMPLETE LIBRARY OF THE CHOICEST A COMPOSITIONS. Pieces suited to All Gradea of Players, is comprised in the following series of elegant volumes, any one of which would cost in the usual form of Sheet Music ten times the price.

THE WREATH of GEMS, just published, cuntaining over 100 of the choicest and most popular Songs, Ballads, and Duets of the day, with Piano accompaniment. THE HOME CIRCLE, 2 vols. containing Marches, Waltzes, Polkas, Schottisches, Redowas, Quadrilles, Contra Dances, Piano Forte Gems, and Four-Hand Pieces. THE PIANIST'S ALBUM, 1 vol., A continuation of the same class of Music as that of the "Home Circle." SILVER CORD, 1 vol., Songs, Duets, Trios. Quartetts, with COMPLETE LIBRARY OF THE CHOICEST

CORD, 1 vol., Songs, Duets, Trios. Quartetts, with Piano acc's. SHOWER OF PEARLS. 1 vol. Choice Vocal Duets, with Piano Acc's. GEMS OF GER MAN SONGS, 1 Vol. GEMS OF SCOTTISH SONG I Vol. GEMS OF SACRED SONG, I Vol. OP-ERATIC PEARLS, I Vol., Vocal beautics of the Standard Operas, with Piano Acc's THE OPERA BOUFFE, a collection of Vocal and Instrumental Gems from Offenbach's Opera of "Grand Duchesse," "Belle Helene," "Barbe Bleue," and others. Paices. Each vol., Boards, \$2.50 Cloth, \$3.00. Cloth, full gilt, \$4.00. Sent by mail, post-paid, to

OLIVAR DITSON & CO., PUBLISHERS. C. H. DITSON & CO., 711 Broadway, New York. GEO. P. Rowall & Co. offer to advertisers the most complete method of reaching the public, through the newspapers, of any agency in the country .- Springfield (O.) Transcript.

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Advertising Agents, New York. Advertising Agents, New York. The house of GEO. P. ROWELL & Co is the only one in the business that has itself used advertising to any great extent to advance its own interests — They spend large sums, and find by personal experience what advertising pays the best."—N. Y. Mail.

Advertising Agents, New York.

January 12, 1869. THE NEW AMERICAN CYCLOPAEDIA. A Popular Dictionary of General Knowledge.

Price, per Vol., in extra Cloth, \$5; in Library Leather, \$6; Half Turkey Morocco, \$6 50; in Half Russia, extra gilt, \$7 50.

THIS important work presents a panoramic view of all human knowledge, as it exists at the present moment. It embraces and popularizes every subject that can be thought of, and contains an inexhaustible fund of accurate and practical information on Art and Science in all their branches, including Mechanics, Mathematics, Astronomy. Philosophy, Chemistry, and Physiology; on Agriculture, Commerce and Manufactures; on Religion, Law, Medicine and Theology; on Biography and Ethnology; on Political Economy, the Trades, Inventions and Polities; on Domestic Economy, Architecture, Statistics, the Things of Common Life, and General Literature.—No topic, in brief, is omitted, upon which information can be desired. The work is a library in itself, it is a complete universal instructor, and opens to the student and general reader the whole field of knowledge. "A vast cores of writers were employed upon it for a number of years, and almost every scholar or authority of celebrity has contributed in his special department to its pages. Its production involved an outlay of over \$150 000. 16 Vols. 8 Ve., Averaging 800 Pages each.

his special department to its pages. Its production involved an outlay of over \$150,000. AMERICAN ANNUAL CYCLOPÆDIA. And Register of Important Events for the Year; embracing Political, Civil, Military and Social Affairs; Public Documents, Biography, Statistica, Commerce, Finance, Literature, Science, Agriculture, and Mechanical Industry. Seven volumes of this complete work (uniform in style with the New American Cyclopedia) are now published, bringing the record of events down to the close of the year 1867. It will be sold in separate volumes or in sets. Price per vol., the same as for the New American Cyclopedia.

IMPORTANT TO SOUTHERN SUBSCRIBERS. Subscribers having incomplete sets of this work will be supplied with the remaining volumes on application to the Publishers, enclosing a remittance covering the amount for volumes desired. D. AP-PLETON & CO., PUBLISHERS, NEW YORK,

THE PRACTICAL FARMER. OW IN ITS SIXTH YEAR! Published in Phildvances, by PASCHALL MORRIS, 18 No. 13th Stilled Lit.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS

## Spirit of Jefferson. LOCAL MISCELLANY.

THE BUILDING ASSOCIATION, organized in this town, just one year ago, has been a most decided success, and the efficient and zealous officers of the organization-who have conducted it so prosperously through the past -are entitled to the thanks of all interested in its future condition. We published in our last issue the Annual Report for the year 1868, which gave in detail its operations, presenting, by comparison, as favorable an aspect as any similar organization in the country of so brief an existence. The whole number of Shares of the Association is at present five hundred and fifteen, and the net profits distributed to each share, and which go to the credit of each share holder, has been \$16 53 for the year. The officers chosen for the ensuing year, are the same as last, with the exception of the Solicitor, Mr. TRAVERS. The absence of this gentleman from the board of officers will be sincerely regretted by many, as he had been mainly instrumental in giving to the organization a "local habitation and name," and so shaping its proportions as to redound to the interest and advantage of the stock-holders and the manifest improvement of the town. We hope to see the number of its members largely increased, and no time so auspicious for the money-saving depository to begin as with the New Year. Ponder the matter over, and our word for it, if you act upon our suggestion, you will have no reason to regret a year hence.

MAXIMS FOR BUSINESS MEN. When a business man comes to the conclusion that he cannot afford to expend during the year, in judicious advertising, an amount equal to one HALF, OR AT LEAST ONE QUARTER of the sum he pays annually for rent, he may very safely make up his mind that it is high time for him to more his business to cheaper

quarters. . When a business man disburses annually for salaries and expenses of travelers to solicit trade, a larger sum than he pays in making his business known to the public through other judicious advertising, he may be sure that he ought to reconsider his management. Salesmen should be ASSISTED in their ar-. duous work by well managed advertising.

to examine sources of financial and commercial information, he may safely conclude that

his business is not well managed.

When a business man finds himself in a financial situation so embarrasing that he cannot afford to possess every publication that would throw MORE LIGHT upon his business transactions, he should not delay an hour, but arrange at once with an auctioneer to close out his stock to the highest bidder.

STILL PROGRESSING .- The area of our corporation is considerably expanding, and with the new year the erection of two spacious structures south of the Episcopal church have been commenced, and will be rapidly pushed to completion. The building of Mr. John W. McCurdy, is perhaps the largest dwelling crected in the county since the war, being 42 by 30, with a wing 18 feet in the clear. It is to be a frame building-two stories high with basement almost above ground-and is to be finished throughout in the latest and most approved style of architecture. Messrs. McElroy & McKnight are the contractors for material and work throughout, and have sublet to Mr. J. C. Holmes the carpentering work, which he is now assiduously engaged upon. That the building, when complated, will be creditable to the good taste and ackrowledged skill of Mr. H. we have no doubt. Mr. Samuel H. Woody is also erecting on the lot recently purchased of Mrs. Rebecca Hunter, immediately in the rear of his present residence, a frame building 30 by 18, two stories high, and to be completed in good

This work bas been taken in hand and is being rapidly hurried to completion by Mr. Louis Roxer, and as he is a new contractor in our midst will no doubt endeavor to put the best foot foremest as a caudidate for public favor. The fine brick residence of Mrs. Paul Smith has so far advanced as to be ready for the roof, and the commanding structure of Mr. Thomas K. Starry is in the same condition of forwardness. The joiner work of the former was executed by Mr. Samuel Myers, and the latter is the work of Mr. Starry himself, as fortunately he can do his own building, which is no mean |consideration in these days of big prices and money pressures.

VENERABLE FOR YEARS. - The Fredericksburg Herald, now under the control of our quondam friend and former county-man, Maj. J. Harrison Kelly, entered upon its 83d year on the 1st inst. The Richmond Enquirer says the He ald looks as well and bright as in the days of its youth, and tenders to its editor the compliments of the season and hopes he may continue to receive the good will and kindness of his numerous patrons, to all of which we give a hearty amen !

HANDSOMELY PAINTED.—Messrs. DAVIS & CONNER have just completed, in the most artistic style known to the art, the painting of the fine residences of Andrew Hunter, others who were present in person, or other-Esq., and Maj. Jas. Law. Hooff. The friends wise connected with old Brown's treasonable of the former gentleman will be gratified to designs, the Worcester (Mass.) Spy, says learn that his beautiful retreat has again as- there are but two now living-Owen Brown, sumed the appearance which it wore, ere the who resides in Western Pennsylvania, Osborne torch of the vile incendiary left it but a mass. P. Anderson, a colored man, living in Canada. of charred and crumbling ruins. The resi- Realf, Luke, Parsons, Gill and others associdence of the Major, late the property of R. H. Lee, Esq., has been thoroughly repaired and remodelled, and is now among the most commanding in appearance and best arranged for convenience, of any in our town. The exquisite skill of the painter has given to it the finishing touch, and we have heard from those entirely competent to judge, that the work on the inside of this house, and especially the graining, is not surpassed by any in the Valley.

NEW FIRM .- By reference to our advertising columns, it will be seen that Mr. A. R. H. Ranson has withdrawn from the firm so Curdy & Duke.

NEW LAW FIRM .- As a tribute to an old friend, and associate of our younger and happier years, we copy the following from a Kansas city, Missouri, paper. Mr. Cowan, referred to in the notice below, is a native of this State, and was for several years a delegate in the Legislature of Virginia from Preston county. During the war, he took part with the South, and bore himself well and gallantly. His partner now, is General James Shields, of Mexican notoriety, and formerly a United States Senator from Illinois. In forming this business connection, we hope that our esteemed friend, Cowan, has taken a step that will result in his worldly

prosperity and future glory : "We call attention with pleasure to the card of the new legal firm of Shields, Smith & Cowan,in to day's paper. The senior member of the firm is well known in the district as the late Democratic candidate for Congress, and is almost equally well know throughout the country, having filled eminent public stations in times past. We opposed the election of Gen. Shields to Congress, with what ability we could command, but we carry no warfare into private life, and are gratified that he has made this city his residence. We wish him the largest measure of professional success.

Mr. Smith, the second member of the firm, a gentleman of large experience as an attorin Ireland, and has resided with us since at spring, when he joined other members of family who had located here a year prebus, having emigrated from Belfast, Ireland, hither the fame of our rapid progress has constrated. Mr. Smith still carries on hisinsiness in Ireland as an attorney at law, in co-partnership with his eldest son, and thus the new firm will have peculiar advantages for collecting and receiving debts and legacies, and transacting legal business in the old coun-

Mr. Cowan has practiced in this city for a year past, was formerly a member of the Legislature of Virginia before the war, is a practicd speaker, a courteous gentleman, and a nan of talent.

Possessing such advantages, the firm can hardly fail to command attention, and we wish it success."

SUPERVISOR'S COURT.-We hope there is no reader of our papar, will fail to note the proceedings of the pretended Board of Supervisors of Jefferson at their meeting on Tuesday last. We copy from the Register, and the infamy of its transactions, and the ignominy of its actors, will create alike universal con-

SHEPHERDSTOWN, Jan. 5. 1869. The following persons to wit : A Spor seller of Bolivar Township, Ehud Turner of where he thinks that he cannot spare any time - Chapline Township, and John D. Staley of Shepherd Township, having received certificates of election at the October election, 1868. as Supervisors of their respective Townships. and having qualified as such, met at the Court House and organized as the Board of Supervisors of Jefferson County, by electing John D. Staley, President, and M. T. Ingles, Clerk. George H. Turner, who held a certificate of election as Supervisor of Osbourn Township, appeared and claimed a seat as a member of said Board.

A certified copy of the recent act of the Legislature was read before the Board by which it appeared that the Townships of Charlestown and Osbourn had been consolidated under the name of Grant Township; and that the Townships of Bolivar and Harper's Ferry had been consolidated under the name of Bolivar Township; that the Sapervisor elect of Osbourn Township if a registered voter, should hold the office of Supervisor of Grant Township; and that the Supervisor clect of Bolivar Township, if a registered voter, should hold the office of Supervisor of the consolidated Townships of Bolivar; and it appearing that said Geo. H. Turner was not eligible to said office under the said law, he was not received as a member of said Board. On motion, Thomas M. Shaull was received as a member of said Board, as Supervisor elect of Averill Township, and qualified as

The following orders on the Treasury were passed by the Board to wit : C. E. Stubbs for office rent \$5, to T. H. Percival for one day's attendance as Supervisor \$2, to H. S. Byers for carrying books to Charlestown and Osbourn Townships \$10.

Ordered, That John N. Shell, Sr., be employed as Janitor of the Court House for the current year with the compensation of \$150 per annum.

It appearing to the Board that the Circuit Court of this county, at its December term, 1868, in the mandamus ease of the State of W. Va. ex rel. of U. E. Stubbs against the Board of Supervisors of the County of Jefferson, granted the said Stubbs a peremptory mandamus against said Board, commanding it to give to the said C. E. Stubbs a certificate of his election to the office of Prosecuting Attorney of said County, for the term commencing on the 1st day of January 1869; therefore in compliance with the said order of the Circuit Court, it is ordered that the said certificate of election be given said C. E. Stubbs,

according to said order of the court. Ordered, That the salary of the Prosecuting Attorney of this county, for the term commencing on the 1st day of January 1869, be fixed at \$600 per annum.

Ordered: That the Assessor be directed to assess the property belonging to Storer College at or near the town of Bolivar. On motion the board adjourned to meet on the 3d Monday of January 1869.

THE BROWN RAIDERS are kept constantly in view by the Abolition press, and the "sainted martyrs" are canonized with every returning New England ovation. Of those captured at Harper's Ferry, the two last, Stevens and Hayslett, were executed in this town on the 16th of March, 1860. Of the ated with it, directly and indirectly, each won some distinction during the war, and are now dead. G. P. Tidd, one of those who escaped, died at the taking of Roanoke Island, sergeant in a New York regiment. Barclay Coppic, then a lieutenant in a Kansas regiment, was

A CHANGE .- Our young friend, Mr. Jas. L. Avis, son of Capt. Avis, of this town, who has been since the war engaged in the extensive Drug House of Canby, Gilpin & Co., Baltimore, has purchased the Drug Store of favorably known in the past, as that of Ranson | Dr. S. M. Dold, in Harrisonburg, and will at & Duke, having sold out his entire interest to once embark in business at that point. He Mr. John W. McCurdy. The business will is an experienced and practical Druggist, and be hereafter conducted in the name of Mc- an estimable young gentleman, and has the best wishes of our citizens for his success.

killed at Platte Bridge, Mo., through the

destruction of a railroad train by guerillas.

Local Correspondence

Mr. Editor:—Among the sad effects of the late war, was its demoralizing power on the country at large. Crime has prevailed to an alarming extent, the land is rife with robberies and murders; frauds and defalcations are common place; and a laxity of mor-als prevails in high places and low. The whole population is astir to make or retrieve dilapidated fortunes. How to make money the quickest, is the great question. Very many seek the shortest way to this, though i be at the sacrifice of principle and integrity. To consummate this object, all the powers of men are bent. God appears to be ignored and his law of none effect. The old standards of truth and righteousness are laid aside, the safe and beaten track of honesty and justice has almost become obsolete, and men have devised new principles of action and new ways of travel to fortune. It is well for us in this "hurly burly" of excitement and effort, to recur to the established principles

The Bible is generally conceded to b God's word. As such, it is pre eminently a treasury of wisdom. When men cut loose from its teachings, there is no telling to what point they will drift, or to what extremities they will go. It is well for men to heed the teachings of this "Old Book," though they lay no stress upon its moral weight, and give attention to its warnings from an economical and financial standpoint. In Proverbs, 28th chapter, 20th and 22d verses, we read, "He that maketh haste to be rich shall not be innocent." "He that maketh haste to be rich hath an evil eye, and considereth not that poverty shall come upon him." In illustration of the point made by Solomon, suppose a gentleman or a number of gentlemen, owning large productive estates, engaged in the noble and independent vocation of tilling the soil, a vocation that God himself instituted, that He bountifully blesses; that affords a sure competency, that largely remunerates its votaries and is a certain guarantee against want and dependence, with proper economy and frugality: Suppose such should grow restive, be dissatisfied with what they think slow returns, and enter into a business that will yield quicker sales and larger profits; to wit : the distillation of alcoholic liquor on a large scale, ignoring the morality of the thing, looking not beyond, to consequences that must ensue -having little or no care what evil will be entailed by the wholesale manufacture of the "fire-water." May not this supposed exam-ple illustrate the "Wise Man's proverb," "He that maketh haste to be rich shall not be innocent," and "hath an evil eye, and considereth not that poverty shall come upon him.'

NEW FIRM .- Dr. R. H. Edwards, has associated with him in the Drug Business Mr. J. A. Hutchison, an estimable young gentleman, who is thoroughly familiar with the responsible duties of his profession. We wish them success .- Leesburg Washingtonian.

WATCHMAN.

[We are glad to notice this evicence of the prosperity of our friend JULIAN, and his numerous friends and acquaintances in this town will rejeice that he has formed one partnership, - and hope that the time is not distant when he will redeem one of the many promises made to different ladies here-by forming another. Then we will wish him success too.]

DR. TUSTIN.-The friends of this eminent divine in our community, will be gratified to learn that he having officiated on several occasions for Rev. Dr. Butler, of the First Lutheran (English) Church of Washington city, that congregation has presented him with a life insurance policy for \$1,000, as an evidence of the esteem in which they hold him.

RELIGIOUS .- The fourth Quarterly meeting for Jefferson Circuit M. E. Church South, will be held in Charlestown on the 23d and 24th of this month. The P. E., Rev Dr. Wm S. Baird, will be present.

Good for their Size. - On the 5th inst., Mr. James H. Conklyn, slaughtered six hogs nine months old, which averaged in weight one hundred and fifty-three pounds. On the same day he slaughtered four hogs, eleven months old, the average weight of which was three hundred and thirtyfive pounds. They made delightful sausages, and we were favored with a fry of them, which we of course enjoyed. Mr. C never fails to remember the poor when he has anything good. If others were as thoughtful, how pleasant editorial life

TRY THEM .- We are under obligations to Master John B. Haines, for a box of Goodspeed's Fountain Pen, which will retain ink enough with one dipping to write sixty lines. It is the best article now out, and very cheap at that, being only 25 cts. per box.

# NOTICE.

A LL persons owing accounts at my Store, are most earnestly requested to come forward at once and pay them promptly, as I am compelled t have money to keep up my business. From this time forward, all persons having accounts at my store will be expected to settle them promptly on the 1st day of every month, unless an understanding to the contrary exists. January 5, 1869. DAVID HOWELL.

## FOR SALE OR EXCHANGE.

A THOROUGH-BRED ALDERNEY BULL.—
Will sell said Bull or exchange him for one of
the short horned Durham breed. This bull is two years old, of R. D. Shepherd's imported stock.— Pedigree given. December 22, 1368-4t. Spirit copy 4w and send bill to this office. - Reg.

## WHAT DO YOU WANT?

THE undersigned has just received SPECIALLY FOR THE SEASON, the best assortment of Liquers and Groceries that could be procured. Oysters, by the quart or gallon, Green Apples, Confectionery of all descriptions, Canned Fruit, Pickles, Catsups, Cheese, Crackers and Bacon and Greens." Callearly and have your wants supplied.

Dec. 22, 1863—3t.

J: B. BROWN, Ag't.

Cysters.

OYSTERS served in every style at my Oyster Room in Basement of Sappington Hotel-front cntrance.
I can furnish the very best and freshest Oysters in quantities to suit customers. Orders to supply families or parties promptly attended to. J. F. BLESSING. Give me a call.

MARE FOR SALE. I HAVE a gentle FAMILY MARE for sale A. C. HOPKINS,

IN TIME! HAVE for sale, a light, new and benefiful, One-Horse SLEIGH, at a very reasonable price. It runs smoothly, and is warranted strong and per-fect in every particular, RICHARD H. BROWN. Charlestown, Jan. 5, 1869—3t.

Nov. 24,1

O'STERS-Fresh-in 1 and 2 pint cans, for W. EBY, BRANDY Peaches, in and gallon glass jars for sale by W. EBY.

L ADIES' DRESS GOODS,
October 20.

A, W, CRAMER. October 20.

ELLY—assorted—in Wine Glasses and Tum-

Presbyterian Parsonage.

J. H. CAMPBELL & CO.'S COLUMN

J. H. CAMPBELL & CO. ANOTHER MOVE IN THE

Dry Goods Market!

WE HAVE A LARGESTOCK OF DRY GOODS. NOTIONS AND FANCE Goods.

Which we are determined to SELL, and we will now make our Cash Prices EQUAL TO THE BROADWAY HOUSE

Best Styles Fancy Prints, 10, 11 and 121c. New Style Delaines, 19, 20 and 25 cents; Domestic Ginghams, very best, 11, 15a16c.; Bleached Muslins, best, 18, 20 and 22 cents; Good Brown Muslin, 121, 15 and 16 cents

CASSIMERES AND TWEEDS.

For Men and Boys' Wear, 50, 60, 75a\$1.00. Ladies' and Misses' Cotton and Woolen Hosiery in all varieties, Ladies' and Misses' Gloves, Ludies' Linen Handkerchiefs, from 12 to 50 cents, and a great variety of Goods which must be seen and examined to be appreciated.

13- We therefore solicit a call from the LADIES especially, who will be able to judge for themselves that our goods are at the PRICES WE NAME.

December 22, 1868. J. H. CAMPBELL & CO.

HARPER'S FERRY TRADES GLORIOUS TIDINGS:

GOOD NEWS FOR ALL!! N the midst of the political excilement, JNO-L SCHILLING continues to solicit, the attention of the Public generally, to his well selected stock of

CLOTHING

AND GENTS' FURNISHING GOODS. HATS, CAPS, BOOTS, SHOES, TRUNKS AND NOTIONS TRUNKS AND NOTIONS,
All of which will be sold to give perfect satisfaction.
His stock of Sample Goods is calculated to please
the mos fastidious, and Suits will be made to order
on the most reasonable terms, and warranted to fit.
Feeling thankful for past patronage, he would
respectfully solicit the continuance of the influence
extended by appreciative patrons, which he will
endeavor to merit.

JNO. L. SCHILLING,

Opposite Shenandoah Hotel.
Harper's Ferry, November 3, 1868.

WINE OF TAR:—The great Remedy for the Throat and Lungs is Crook's Wine of Tar—It is the best thing ever discovered for all Bronchial affections, spitting of blood, night sweats, weakness, difficulty of breathing, influenza and all kindred diseases. Put up in pint bottles—price one Dollar. For sale by C. E. BELLER.

Harper's Ferry, December 8, 1868.

CCOVILLE'S BLOOD AND LIVER SYRUP-FO the cure of Scrofula, White Swelling. King's Evil, Ulcers, Goitre; Scrofulous, Cancerous and tions, and all diseases of the skin, such as Pimples Boils, Tetter, Ringworm, also many diseases peculiar to Females. Price \$100. For sale by Harper's Ferry, Jan. 5, 1869, C. E. BELLER.

CONSUMPTION CURED.-Rogers' Syrup of Liverwort, Tar and Canchalagua, for the complete cure of Coughs, Colds, Influenza, Asthma, Bronchitis, Spitting of Blood, and all other lung complaints tending to consumption. Price \$100. For sale by

Harper's Ferry, Jan. 5, 1869. BAKER'S PAIN PANACEA, is the best remedy known for Burns, Bruises, Cuts and Swellings, Rheumatism, Headache, Touthache and Earache.—

rice 25 cts. For sale by C. E. BELLER. Harper's Ferry, Jan. 5, 1869. NDELIBLE PENCILS, for marking linen, to be A used as any other lead pencil. One pencil will mark fifteen hundred articles. For sale by Harper's Ferry, Dec. 22. C. E. BELLER.

SAGE, Corrander Seed, Cayenne and Black Pep-pers, for sale by C. E. BELLER. Harper's Ferry, December 8, 1863. POCKET Diaries for 1869, for sale by C. E. BELLER. 11 AGERSTOWN Almanace for 1869, for sale by C. E. BELLER.

LARGEST STOCK OF GOODS, IN MY LINE, EVER EXHIBITED IN CHARLESTOWN! CHRISTMAS GOODS-RARE ATTRACTIONS !

THE subscriber having just returned from the city with one of the handsomest assortments of Goods in his fine it has been his pleasure to select, offices them at greatly reduced prices—lower even than city prices. Come and be convinced, and you will find articles BEAUTIFUL AND ATTRACTIVE,

something to suit young and old, gay and sedate.
Don't let such an opportunity go by unimproved,
or you may certainly have cause to regree it. I will
take the greatest pleasure in showing you any
goods you may desire to ses, tell you the price
cheerfully, and sell you the goods much more
cheerfully. Don't think it any trouble to me to
show goods; I am always realy to attend to the
wants of the people in my line.

(17) Thankful for past patronage, I solicit a continuance of the same favors.

Charlestown, December 22, 1868.

SOUTHERN HOME JOURNAL FOR 1869. TERMS:—\$3 per annum. Four copies for \$10; Eight copies for \$20; and an extra copy to the getter up of the club.

\$40 Silver Watch for 20 Subscribers. \$100 Gold Watch for 75 Subscribers. f you do not get enough to secure one of the pre-miums, we will allow you 50 cts. of each yearly subscriber at \$300. Sample Copies free. We offer the HOME JOURNAL, worth \$3.00; OUR SCHOOL DAY VISITOR, WORTH \$1.25, and a large Steel Plate Engraving of GEN. GRANT AND FAMILY, worth \$2.50, for \$4.0. JOHN Y. SLATER, PUBLISHER, BALTIMORE, MD.

WANTED.

To buy or rent for a term of years, A SMALL FARM, in location suitable for a country Store, Depot property preferred.

G. W. KILDOW, Duffield's, Jefferson Co., West Va., or J. S. JAMESSON. Westernport, Maryland. Dec. 15, 1868-4t.

LOOK AT THIS AND READ! LOOK AT THIS AND READ!

LOOK AT THIS AND READ! IN order to make a change in my store room on the first of January, I will sell my entire stock of goods at a very small advance above cost.

THIS IS NO HUMBUG. THIS IS NO HUMBUG. THIS IS NO HUMBUG.

at my yard.

Bills including FLOORING AND CEILING—

Brills including FLOORING AND CEILING—

Dressed or Undressed—furnished at short notice.

W. J. HAWKS, Cottons from 10 cents up, Cottons from 10 cents up,
Delaines, 20 cents,
Alpacas, Poplins and other Dress Goods at very
low figures. Shawls, Balmorals, Flauness, Check
Demures, Plaid Linseys, Factory Goods, at lowest
Baltimore prices. Gents' Under Shirts and Drawers, Overall Cotton Flaunel Shirts, Hats, Trunks,

Stone and Chira Ware at less than cost.
Cloths Ond Cassimeres at very low figures.
Heavy Winter Coats at \$3,50. Home-made Linsey Pants, \$2,75. Vests, Vests, Vests, from 1 dollar up,

from 1 dollar up, from I dollar up. Overcoats from 6 dollars up, Overceats from 6 dollars up,

Overcoats from 6 dollars up. The Greatest Bargains In Ladies' Cloaks ever offered! The Greatest Bargains In Ladies' Cloaks ever offered! The Greatest Bargains In Ladies' Cloaks ever offered! At S. A. HAMBURGER'S. At S. A. HAMBURGER'S. At S. A. HAMBURGER'S.

NOTICE.—All persons indebted to me will please come forward and settle, as no farther indugence will be granted.

8. A. HAMBURGER. CLOTHS, CASSIMERES & VESTINGS, Gentlemen's Shirts, Shirt Collars and Cravats, Merino Gloves and Socks, Hats and Caps, Boots and Shoes.

A. W. CRAMER. MISCELLANEOUS.

RICHMOND DISPATCH FOR 1869! REAT REDUCTION OF PRICE. During the year 1869 to Clubs for

DAILY DISPATCH.

For either the Daily, Semi-Weekly, or Weekly

January 5, 1869. COWARDIN & ELLYSON,
January 5, 1869. Richmond, Virginia. A TERRIBLE ACCIDENT OCCURRED AT THE

Broadway House ON SATURDAY LAST.

Three Large Boxes of Goods Bursted Open at HEDGES', Ay't, Nobody was Hurt, Although an Immense Concourse was Present to see the BARGAINS.

BEST Calicos, 9, 10 and 12; cents; Brown and Bleached Cottons, 10 and 12; cents; Do. 4-4 14, 15 and 20 cents; Dress Goods of all kinds, from 15 cents up (one third their true value;) best White Cambrics, 12; to 40 cents; All Wool Flannels, 25 to 55 cents; Men's Boots, from \$3.50 to \$5; Men's Shoes, 50 cents to \$2.50; Ladies' Boots, \$1,50 to \$3.00; Oil Cloths, 30 to 40 cents per yard. Notions of all kinds, so very cheap that people think they of all kinds, so very cheap that people think they must have been slolen. HEDGES, Agent, Cor. Liberty and Lawrence Sts.

AUCTION FRIDAY NIGHT, 15th INST.

January 5, 1869. Homsher & Drawbaugh, KEARNEYSVILLE, VA., HAVE always on hend and are daily replenish-

DRY GOODS.

BOOTS, SHOES, HATS AND CAPS. NOTIONS IN GREAT VARIETY. FULL STOCK OF CHOICE GROCERIES.

SALT AND FISH,

HARD AND HOLLOW WARE 

Kearneysville, January 5, 1869. POTOMAC COACH FACTORY!

THE undersigned respectfully informs the public generally that he has taken the COACHFACTORY lately carried on by his father, in Shep-herdstown, and is prepared to carry on

CARRIAGE MAKING all its branches, and will keep on hand to order, Carriages, Buggles, Rockaways, Phætons, Spring Wagons, Germantow n Wagons, Sulkies, Sleighs, &c., &c.

In fact all kinds of work done in a first-class establishment, having had experience in the business. He is determined to employ none but first-class mechanics, and use none but the very best materials in the manufacture of his work, and will furnish work on as advantageous terms as any other shop in the State. Particular attention paid to repairing, and will guarantee satisfaction in all cases All new work warranted for twelve months, and old Carriages, Rockaways, Buggies, etc., taken in exchange for new ones. Persons in need of anything in his line would do well to give him a call before purchasing elsewhere. A share of public patronage solicited.

N. B.—All orders promptly attended to.

COPARTNERSHIP.

THE undersigned have this day entered into

January 5, 1869-3t. F. P. and Register copy.

NOTICE TO TAX-PAYERS.

I will also meet the Tax-Payers of BOLIVAR and HARPER'S FERRY TOWNSHIPS at John

Coonce's Store, in Harper's Ferry, on SATURDAY

of each week. If prompt payment is not made by first day of February, 1869, I will be compelled to distrain for Taxes unpaid. Further indulgence than above stated, cannot and will not be given.

GEORGE KOONCE, D. S.

DRESSED LUMBER.

UST received 20,000 FEET DRESSED YELLOW PINE FLOORING—FULLY SEASONED.

All kinds of YELLOW PINE LUMBER on hand

Agent for Miller & Co. October 6, 1869-3m. F. P.

DISSOLUTION.

NOTICE is hereby given that the partnership heretofore existing between Robert M. Miller and Warner Rockenbaugh, under the name of MILLER & ROCKENBAUGH, was dissolved on

the 15th of December, 1863.

The business in future will be carried on by T.

B. Moore and W. Rockenbaugh, under the name of MOORE & ROCKENBAUGH, who are hereby

authorized to collect all debts due the late firm, and to pay all debts due by it.

ROBT. M. MILLER,

Returning thanks to the public for the patronage extended to the late firm, we most respectfully solicit a continuance of the same, guaranteeing to do all in our power for the interest and accommodation of customers.

MOORE & ROCKENBAUGH.

December 22, 1868—24.

NOTICE.

THE undersigned takes this method of informing the public that he has sold out his stock of CLOTHING and business in Harper's Ferry, to Julius Jacobson, and asks for his successor a continuance of old favors.

M. ROSENBERG.

January 5, 1869.

Halltown, W. Va., Dec. 17, 1868.

FRESH Tomatoes for sale by December 22, 1868.

W. ROCKENBAUGH.

no additional per cent will be charged.

name of the firm in settlement.

January 5, 1869.

on application by letter or personal interview. GEO. ED. CORDELL, Agent. N. B.—All orders promptly attended to.

R. S. M. HOFFMAN.
Shepherdstown, June 23, 1868—6m. Box 30, Post Office, Charlestown, Jefferson county, W. Va December 8, 1868-6m. DISSOLUTION.

A. R. H. RANSON, J. ED. DUKE.

MATTHEWS, GIBSON & CO., THE firm of Ranson & Duke has this day been dissolved by mutual consent. The books and accounts are ready for settlement, and promptness is expected. Either partner is authorized to use the Life and Fire Insurance Agents. OFFICE, WINCHESTER, VA. Special Agents for the

MUTUAL LIFE INSURANCE COMP'Y. OF NEW YORK, FOR Virginia, West Va. and Maryland, THE LARGEST COMPANY IN THE WORLD ASSETS OVER \$25,000,000.

Copartnership, under the name and style of McJurdy & Duke, for the purpose of conducting the Hardware and Agricultural Implement Business in all its branches. They will occupy the old stand of Ranson & Duke, and solicit a share of patronage of the public.

JOHN W. McCURDY,
Jan. 5, 1869.

J. ED. DUKE. A PPLICATIONS left with EUGENE WEST, Charlestown, W. Va., promptly attended to,— Dr. G. F. Mason, Medical Examiner. MATTHEWS, GIBSON & CO.,
August 25, 1868—1f. Suggist 1 Special Agents.

ARLINGTON MUTUAL I regret that other and important engagements compel me to retire from business, but am glad to be able to say that I leave the house on a firmer LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY, OF VIRGINIA. PRINCIPAL OFFICE, RICHMOND.

base than every and in every way deserving of the confidence and patronage of the public, and I hope that my personal friends will extend to the new house the same generous support they have always given me.

A. R. H. RANSON. ISSUES every description of non-forfeiting Life and Endowment Policies known in Life Insu-It affords the utmost facility to all classes with the lowest rates of premiums.
It has equal claims with any Company whatever as affording perfect security to Policy holders, and its large and securely invested accumulation is constantly increasing.

A man at the age of 30, may insure his life for I WILL meet the Tax Payers of AVERILL 10WNSHIP, at Mrs. Farnsworth's Hotel, on THURSDAY of each week, for the purpose of collecting the Taxes due for the year 1868. If prompt payment is made in the month of January, 1869,

S1,000, by an annual payment of S12.75.
INSURE YOUR LIFE IN A HOME COMPANY. RANSON & DUKE, Agents, November 24, 1868-3m. At Charlestown

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE. A LL persons having claims against the estate of WILLIAM H. MYERS, deceased, are requested to present them at an early date, properly authenticated. Parties knowing themselves indebted Jan. 5, 1869-3m.

37-P. 8.—I advertise in the Spirit for my own convenience, and the benefit of Tax Payers.

GEO. KOONCE, D. S.

to said estate, will please call and settle.

JOHN W. ROBERTS,

December 22, 1869—3t.

Administrator, ARMS! ARMS!! SECOND-HAND Sharp's Carbines, Henry's and Spencer Carbines and Rifles; Colt's, Reming-ton's, and Smi h & Wisson's Army and Navy Pis-

New Pistols, Cash, or Merchandise in exchange D. HUMPHREYS & CO. for same. December 22, 1863.

FURS. THE second supply of those very nice cheap Furs has just come to hand in time for a nice Christ mas gift. Call and examine them D. HOWELL. TUST received a bale of New York made Com-

home. Fancy Counterpanes, and White and Gray Blankets, at Baltimore prices.

December 22, 1868.

J. GOLDSMITH. CLOAKS.—Â new supply of Ladies' Cloaks, just received, from \$5 up. A large assortment of Ladies' and Gents' Gloves, such as Fur-top Kids, Fur-top Berlin Plush, Cloth, Merino, Buckskin and Sheepskin—also Gents' Linen and Paper Cuffs.

December 22, 1868.

J. GOLDSMITH. GRAND Duchess Skirts, very low; Sontags, Shawls, Capes and Hoods. December 22, 1868. J. GOLDSMITH.

A LL sorts of Dress Goods, Calicos and Domestics at prices lower than evey. Engless variety of Clothing, Hats and Caps, at prices to astonish every body. Trunks, Valises, Carpet Hags and Railroad Bags, at J. GOLDSMITH'S. ADIRS' and Gents—now is the time to buy goods at old time prices if you call at December 22, 1868.

J. GOLDSMITH'S. NEW CROP NEW OBLEANS MOLASSES, for KEARSLEY 4 SHEERER.

LYAMILY Whiskey, in bottles and on draught W. EBY.

LIFE AND FIRE INSURANCE.

REAL ESTAT

MYE will sell at PUBLIC SAPE

PUBLIC SALE OF REAL ESTATE

WEDNESDAY, JANUARY 19th, 186 At 1 o'clock, E. M., at Lesbown, The Farm

belonging to John W. Dalgaro, situated in Jeffe son county, W. Va., near the turnpike leadin from Smithfield to Shepherd town—21 miles from Smithfield. 2 miles from Leatown, and 5 miles from Learneysville, on the Baltimore & Ohio Railroad-

CONTAINING 74 ACRES,

of Good Land—17 acres in TIMBER, balance Cleared and in fine state of cultivation—farm well watered and the fending good. The Improvements are agood STONE DWELLING provements are agood STONE DWELLING to Schools, Mills, Churches and Stores; in fact it is a very desirable little property.

Persons wishing to see the place will call on the owner, who resides on the premises. Can be bought at private sale previous to the above stated time.—Terms will be accommodating, and published at the time and place of sale, by.

WALTON & CRAIGHILL,

Agents for John W. Dalgarn.

Agents for John W. Dalgara.
J. D. Potterfield, Auct'r.
December 15, 1868. F. P. and Register copy.

VALUABLE FARM

For Sale.

The Hill Farm.

BELONGING to the estate of the late James Li

MOST VALUABLE

pieces; of property in this county, and is so well known that I deem a description unnecessary.

I desire to sell at once, and will make the terms to suit any one desiring to purchase.

A. R. H. RANSON,

Executor of J. L. Ranson:

September 29, 1868—1f. F. P. copy.

DISSOLUTION.

N OTICE is hereby given that the firm heretolors existing under the name and style of Smith, Walton & Craighill, Real Estate Agents of Charlestown, West Virginia, is this day dissolved by mutual consent.

A. S. SMITH,
SAM'L WALTON,
SAM'L WALTON,

Nov. 5, 1868. W. N. CRAIGHILL.

The business will be continued by the under walton & CRAIGHILL.

WALTON & CRAIGHILL.

Real Estate Agents,

CHARLESTOWN, WEST VIRGINIA.

A RE now prepared to enter and offer at PUBLIC OR PRIVATE SALE,

FARMS, MILLS, STORES, MANUFAC-

TORIES, PRIVATE RESIDENCES,

MACHINE SHOPS, &c.

Our Catalogue, containing a full description of a large number of farms and other properties, will be sent to all applicants. No charge for offering prop-erty for sale until sold.

November 10, 1868-tf.

FOR RENT.

I OFFER for rent until the first day of April next, the DWELLING HOUSE recently occupied by me in Charlestown, situated on Main street, in a central part of the town.

FOR SALE.

Aisquith & Washington's

CHRISTMAS NOTICE,

W E offer for sale a large and handsome stock of Goods suitable for the Holidays.

HOTOGRAPH ALBUMS, PORTFO-

LIOS, WRITING DESKS, WORK

BOXES, HAIR BRUSHES,

BUFFALO COMBS, POCK-

ET BOOKS, MONEY

BOOKS OF EVERY VARIETY.

THREE BUILDING LOTS-

January 5, 1869 -3t.

June 2, 1868.

C. W. AJSQUITH.



NATIONAL LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY. OF THE UNITED STATES OF AMERICA WASHINGTON, D. C. CHARTERED BY SPECIAL ACT OF CONGRESS, APPROVED, JULY 24, 1868.

CASH CAPITAL, - - - \$1,000,000. PAID IN FULL. BRANCH OFFICE: FIRST NATIONAL BANK BUILDING, PHILADELPHIA. THERE the general business of the Company

ence should be addressed. OFFICERS: CLARENCE H. CHARRE, President.
JAY COOKE, Chio'n Finance and Ex. Comm.
HENRY D. COOKE, Vice-President. EMERSON W. PEET, Secretary and Actuary.

transacted, and to which all general correspond

This Company, National in its character, offers, by reason of its Large Capital, Low Rates of Premium and New Tables, the most desirable mean of insuring life yet presented to the public. The rates of premium being largely reduced, are made as favorable to the insurers as those of the best Mutual Companies, and avoid all the complications and uncertainties of Notes, Dividends, and the misuaderstandings which the latter are so apt

to cause the Policy-Holder. Several new and attractive tables are now presented, which need only to be understood to prove acceptable to the public, such as the INCOME-PRODUCING POLICY and RETURN PREMIUM POLICY. In the former, the policy-holder not only secures a life insurance, payable at death, but will receive, if living, after a period of a few years, an annual income equal to ten per cent. (10 per cent.) of the par of his policy. In the latter, the Company agrees to return to the assured the total amount of money he has paid in, in addition to the

amount of his policy. The attention of persons con templating insuring their lives or increasing the amount of insurance they already have, is called to the special advantages offered by the National Life Insurance Com-

Circulars, Pamphlets, and full particulars given on application to the Branch Office of the Company, JAY COOKE & CO., Washington, D. C , General Agents for D. C., Va. and W. Va. E. M. AISQUITH, Charlestown, W. Va., Spec. Agent for Jefferson County. December 1, 1868-1y.

Located in Charlestown, on the upper side of the Baptist Church Square—fronting 661 feet on Congress Street, running back the depth of the square.

Apply to Rzv. W. S. PENICE. NORTH AMERICA LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY. OFFICE --- No. 229, BROADWAY, CORNER BARCLAY STREET, NEW YORK.

ASSETS OVER \$3,000,000. N. D. MORGAN, President.

J. W. MERRILL, Secretary. HIS Company offers more favorable terms fo Insurance, than any other in the United States.
ITS POLICIES ARE NON-FORFEITING;
THIRTY DAYS GRACE ALLOWED ON ANY

RENEWAL OF PAYMENT;
No restriction of travel in the United States or North America, north of the Southern Cape of Florida, or in Europe at any season of the year.
No Extra Charge in consequence of Change of Employment, after Policy is issued.
The new leature of the "New York State Registered Policies," originated by the President of this company, guarantees to all, in all parts of the country, who receive Registered Policies, unquestionable and adequate security, equal to that of a National Bank Note, or United States Bond Dividends declared annually, and may be applied in reducing the annual premium, or in increasing the amount insured. WALLETS, PAPER AND ENVELOPES. A large and choice stock of PARLOR AND STAND LAMPS. Purchased especially for Holiday Gifts. No CHARGE made for Examination, Policy or

BEAUTIFUL TOILET SET. Of Bohemian Glass. Stamp. This is the most successful Life Insurance Com-FBENCH CANDY IN 1 LB. BOXES. pany on this continent.

Full and detailed information will be furnished

And the largest stock of Perfumery Soaps & Bruggists' Fancy Goods, ever offered in this town.

We invite the attention of the public to our stock and solicit a call before purchasing elsewhere.

Christmas Annuals, NOTIONS, dec.

HAVE just returned from Baltimore with one of the largest, most carefully selected, and varied sortments of HRISTMAS PRESENTS, For Old or Young,

ever offered to the people of this vicinity. THE SELECTION EMBRACES, IN PART, PORTFOLIOS, PAPETRIES, TOURIST WRITING DESKS, TOILET SETS,

A choice lot of COLOGNE EXTRACTS AND SOAPS, TOPS AND TOY BOOKS. FOR CHILDREN. A rare assortment of

ANNUALS AND POEMS, with beautiful editions of the BIBLE, PRAYER and HYMN BOOKS. Also, DIARIES for 1869.

December 15, 1868. WM. S. MASON. NEW FALL AND WINTER GOODS. AM now receiving my FALL STOCK of Goods, which for cheapness and variety, will compare favorably with any in the market, among which will be found LADIES' DRESS GOODS.

every style-rich and elegant. CLOTHS AND CASSIMERES, Notions, Queensware, &c. My friends will please call and examine my goods.

October 20

H. L. HEISKELL. New Goods

JUST received another supply of New JEWELRY
—assorted setts—in variety and style hard to
beat, and as low as can be bought in the City—
Call and see for yourselves. On hand continually
and for sale, Silver Plated Goods of all descriptions, to suit everybody. Watches and Clocks may be had of all grades at prices competing with Baltimore at retail. Don't forget. At Stawart's old stand, Charlestown.

stand, Charlestown. November 10, 1868. A LL of our Accounts are now ready, and where no arrangement to the contrary exists, pay-ment is expected at once.

D. HUMPHREYS & CO.

November 17, 1868. Papers advertising for us copy. ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.

A LL persons having claims against the estate of Abraham Belf, deceased, are requested to present them at an early date, properly authenticated. Prties knowing themselves indebted to said estate, will please call and settle.

ALEX. MASON EVANS,

Novomber 17, 1868—II. Administrator: NOTICE.

MY own accounts and those of the firm of Campties indebted to either will please call on me at the place of business of the late firm of Campbell & Mason, until the 17th instant, for settlement; after that date on Wm. H. Travers, Esq., in whose handa all unsettled accounts will be placed. An immediate settlement is most respectfully solicited.

December 8, 1869—5t.

E. H. CAMPBELL. CELT CLOTH BALMORALS.

Ladies' Net Vests, White and Colored French Corsets, Merino and Cotton Hose, Gloves, Gauntlets, &c. October 20. A. W. CRAMER

PIPES, Stems and Smoking Tobacco, for sale by December 22, 1868. W. EBY.

CLOTHING AND GENTS' FURNISHING GOODS,

HATS, CAPS, BOOTS, SHOES, TRUNES AND NOTIONS All of which will be sold to give perfect satisfaction.

His stock of Sample Goods is calculated to please the most fastidious, and Suits will be made to order on the most reasonable terms, and warranted to fit.

Feeling thankful for past patronage, he would caspectfully solicit the continuance of the influence extended by appreciative patrons, which he will endeavor to merit.

JNO. L SCHILLING,

Opposite Shenandoah Hotel. Harper's Ferry, November 3, 1868.

Wine OF TAR.—The great Remedy for the Throat and Lungs in Crook's Wine of Tar—It is she best thing ever discovered for all Bronchia affections spitting of blood, night sweats, weakness, difficulty of breathing, influenza and all kindred diseases. Put up in pint bottles—price one Dolfar, For sale by C. E. BELLER Harper's Ferry, December 8, 1868.

COVILLE'S BLOOD AND LIVER SYRUP-For the cure of Scrotula, White Swelling, King's Evil. Ulcers, Goive; Scrotulous, Cascerous and Indolent Tumors; Mercumal and Syphelitic Affections, and all diseases of the skin, such as Pimples, Balls, Tetter, Ringworm, also many diseases peculiar to Females Price \$ 00. For sale by
Harper's Ferry, Jan. 5, 1869. C. E BELLER. ONSUMPTION CURED -Rogers' Syrup ci Liverwort, Tar and Canchalagua, for the com-plete cure of Coughs, Colde, Influenza, Asthma, Bronchitis, Spitting of Blood, and all other lung complaints tending to consumption. Price \$100. For sale by

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POCKET Diaries for 1869, for sale by December 22. C. E. BELLER. I AGERSTOWN Almanacs for 1869, for sale by December 22. C. E. BELLER.

LARGEST STOCK OF GOODS. IN MY LINE, EVER EXHIBITED IN CHARLESTOWN! CHRISTMAS GOODS-RARE ATTRACTIONS THE subscriber having just returned from the City with one of the handsomest assortments of Goods in his line it has been his pleasure to select, offers them at greatly reduced prices—lower even than city prices. Come and be convinced, and you will find articles

BEAUTIFUL AND ATTRACTIVE, omething to suit young and old gay and sedate Don't let such an opportunity go by unimpre or you may certainly have cause to regret it. I will take the greatest pleasure in showing you any goods you may desire to see, tell you the price cheerfully, and sell you the goods much more cheerfully. Don't think it any trouble to me to show goods; I am always ready to attend to the wants of the people in my line.

33-Thankful for past patronage, I solicit a continuance of the same layors.

L. DINELE. ance of the same lavors.

Charlestown, December 22, 1868. SOUTHERN HOME JOURNAL FOR 1869. TERMS:—\$3 per annum. Four copies for \$10; Eight copies for \$20; and an extra copy to the getter up of the club

840 Silver Watch for 20 Sabscribers \$55 Sewing Machine for 25 Subscribers. \$50 Gold Watch for 40 Subscribers. \$100 Gold Watch for 75 Subscribers. If you do not get enough to secure one of the pre-miums, we will allow you 60 cts on each yearly subscriber at \$300 Sample Copies free. We offer the HOME JOURNAL, worth \$3.00;

OUR SCHOOL DAY VISITOR. WORTH \$1.25, and a large Steel-Plate Engraving of GEN GRANT AND FAMILY, WORTH \$2.50, for \$4.0 JOHN Y. SLATER, PUBLISHER, BALTIMORE, MD. WANTED. To buy or rent for a term of years, A SMALL FARM, in location suitable for a

country Store, Depot property preferred. Address G. W. KILDOW, Duffield's, Jefferson Co., West Va., or J. S. JAMESSON,

Westernport, Maryland. -Dec. 15, 1868-4t. LOCK AT THIS AND READ!

LOOK AT THIS AND READ! LOOK AT THIS AND READ! N order to make a change in my store room of

the first of January. I will sell my entire stock of goods at a very small advance above cost. THIS IS NO HUMBUG. THIS IS NO HUMBUG.

THIS IS NO HUMBUG. Best Calicos 121 cents, Cottons from 10 cents up, Alpacas, Poplins and other Dress Goods at very

low figures. Shawls, Balmorals, Flannels, Check Demures, Plaid Linseys, Factory Goods, at lowest Baltimore prices. Gents' Under Shirts and Drawers, Overall Cotton Flannel Shirts, Hats, Trunks, Stone and Chira Ware at less than cost.

Clotha Ond Cassimeres at very low figures. Heavy Win er Coats at \$3,50. Home made Linsey Pants, \$2,75. Vests, Vests, Vests,

from 1 dollar up, from 1 dollar up, from 1 dollar up. Overcoats from 6 dollars up, Overcoats from 6 dollars up,

Overcoats from 6 dollars up. The Greatest Bargains In Ladies' Cloaks ever offered! The Greatest Bargains
In Ladies' Closks ever offered!

The Greatest Bargains In Ladies' Cloaks ever offered! At S. A. HAMBURGER'S. At S. A. HAMBURGER'S. At S. A HAMBURGER'S. NOTICE .- All persons indebted to me will please

come forward and settle, as no farther indusgence will be granted.

S. A. HAMBURGER. Woolen Goods AND READY-MADE CLOTHING.

I AM in receipt of a large stock of the above goods, which I am offering at greatly reduced prices. The stock consists, in part, as sollows: CASSIMERE SUITS.

splendid quality; Pants from \$175 up to \$800, Overcoats, well assorted; French, English and American Cassimeres; Velvet Cord Fustion, Kentucky Jeans, Fulled and Plaid Linseys. I have also a large stock of DRESS GOODS, Prints, Bich'd and Brown Cottons, and Notions. Country, Spanish and Red Sole Leather, Upper, Kip and Calf Skins; a large lot of Boots and Shoes, and Hats. FRESH GROCERIES.

Sugar, Coffee, Mackeral, Syrups, Pepper, Ginger, very superior Green and Black Teas, together with a great many other goods, all of which I am offer-ing low for Cash or short time, to punctual cus-tomers. JOHN W. GRANTHAM. Middleway, December 22, 1868.

DISSOLUTION.

the 15th of December, 1868.

The business in future will be carried on by T. B. Moore and W. Rockenbaugh, under the name of MOORE & ROCKENBAUGH, who are hereby thorized to collect a!! debts due the late firm, and to pay all debts due by it.

BOBT, M. MILLER,
W. ROCKENBAUGH.

Halltown, W. Va., Dec. 17, 1868.

Returning thanks to the public for the patronage extended to the late firm, we most respectfully so-licit a continuance of the same, guaranteeing to do all in our power for the interest and accommodation of customers.

MOORE & ROCKENBAUGH. December 22, 1868-3t.

NOTICE. THE undersigned takes this method of informing the public that he has sold out his stock of CLOTHING and business in Harper's Ferry, to Julius Jacobson, and asks for his successor, a continuence of old favors:

M. ROSENBERG. ### dary 6, 1869,

MISCELLANEOUS.

YOUNG MAN

BRYANT, STRATTON & SAULER SOUTHERN BUSINESS COLLEGE,

No. 8 North Charles Street, BALTIMORE. MD. The most complete and thoroughly appointed Col-lege of Business in the country, and the only institu-tion of ACTUAL PRACTICE in the State of Maryland

Our course of instruction is wholly practical and arranged to meet the demand of the age; being conducted upon a thorough system of ACTUAL BUSINESS PRACTICE, Affording to Students the facilities of a practical
Business Education, by means of banks, representing money, and all the forms of business paper, such as Notes, Drafts,
dec. together with Business
Offices to represent the
principal departments

COURSE OF STUDY. The curriculum of study and practice in this Insti tution is the result of many years of experience, and the best combination of business talent to be found BOOK-KEEEPING IN ALL ITS DEPARTMENTS AND APPLICATIONS,

of trade and

COMMERCIAL LAW, SPENCERIAN BUSINESS WRITING, With incidental instruction in the principles of POLIT CAL ECONOMY,



The standard of Business Writing is adopted and taught in its purity at this Institution, by one of the most experienced and suc-cessful teachers of Business and Ornamental Penmanship in the country.

STUDENTS Can enter at any time, as there are no vacations.— Special individual instruction to all Students.

PAYSON. DUNTON & SCRIBNER'S -STEEL PENS.

THE CELEBRATED

Officially adopted and used in our Institution, and Are UNSURPASSED BY ANY IN THE MARKET. Five kinds. Samples for 20 cents. Per Gross, \$1.50. Quarter Gross Boxes, 50 cts. - s Prepaid to any address. No. 333, fine smooth points, adapted to school purposes and general writing

No. 455. The National Pen. Medium points, No. 8. The Ladies' Pen. Very fine and elastic. For Card Writing, Pen Drawing, and fine Orna-mental Work, this Pen is unequaled. No. 117. The Excelsior Pen. Smooth points, very flexible. This is the Pen for bold, free writing, striking off-hand capitals, flourishing, &c. No. 7. The Business Pen Large size, coarse points, holding a large quantity of ink. The points are very round, and do not stick into the paper and spatter the ink like most other coarse

The trade supplied at the lowest wholesale rates. For further particulars send for College Journal. Special Circular and Splendid Specimens of Penman-ship, (enclosing two letter stamps.) Address

THE BRYANT, STRATTON & SADIER BUSINESS COLLEGE. Baltimore, Md. January 5, 1869-1y .

NEW STOCK OF GOODS! At Summit Point, Jefferson Co., W. Va. BOUGHT FOR THE CASH! W E are now opening a full and complete stock of well selected goods—that cannot be excelled by any other Store in the Valley or country around us. Our line of

LADIES' DRESS GOODS. is composed of Alpacas, Lawns, Lenos, Poplins, Mozan, biques, Shallies. Persian Cloth, Organdies Bombazines, Delaines, Reps, French Percale, Ging hams, &c Jaconetts, Tarletons, Swiss and Barred Muslins, Marseilles; also a full and SELECT VARIETY OF NOTIONS. such as Hosiery, Gloves, French Corsetts, Hoog Skirts, Linen Handkerchiefs, Braids' Buttons and Trimmings, &c., &c. A full stock of

DOMESTIC GOODS, comprising, in part, Bleached and Brown Muslins, Woolen, Cotton and Linen Goods, Floor Matting and Oil Cloth: also, a general assortment of GENTLEMEN'S WEAR—in piece or Ready Made. A heavy stock of BOOTS, SHOLS and HATS—for Ladres, Gentlemen, Misses, Boys and Children.
A complete stock of Queens ware, Wooden-ware,
Hardware; and a stock of HARNESS, such as Riding and Blind Bridles, Collars, Lines ard Backbands, &c. A large stock of FURNITURE, such
as Cottage Bedsteads. Wardrobes, Bureaus, Tin
Safes, Chairs, Rockers, Washstands, &c., at prices
that we can guarantee.

that we can guarantee. A FULL STOCK OF GROCERIES, such as Sugars of all grades, Rio, Java and Laguy ra Coffee, Teas of the best quality, Oils, Syrups Sait. &c., all of which we are offering at very shor profits for Cash or Produce, and we ask our friends and customers to give us a trial before purchasing elsewhere.
HILLEARY, WILLSON & JOHNSON.

April 28, 1868. CO-PARTNERSHIP.

THE undersigned have entered into a Co-Partnership under the firm of STARRY & LOCK, for the purpose of conducting the Produce Commission and Forwarding Business at the Charles J D. STARRY, JNO. J. LOCK. town Depot

To the Farmers, Millers and Others IN THE COUNTIES OF JEFFERSON & CLARKE.

AVING associated ourselves in business for the In purposes of the above Card we will pay for Wheat, Flour, Corn and all other kinds of Produce the highest market prices in Cash, or will receive and forward on Commission, making sales and returns in the shortest time
STARRY & LOCK.
Charlestown Depot, Jan, 15, 1867.

COMPETITION CHALLENGED! NEW STOCK AND NEW PRICES! THE undersigned has just returned from the East with an extensive and attractive Stock of WIN-TER GOODS bought at the latest decline to which he invites the attention of Buyers. The opportuni-ty to buy reasonably is presented. FOREIGN & DOMESTIC GOODS, Alpacas, Poplins, Reps, Delaines, Plain, Plaid and

Opera Flannels 3, 4, 5 and 10-4 Muslins, at 10, 12, 15 and 20 cents! Best Calicos 10 to 12 Cents! Ginghams 12, 15, 18 and 20 Cents per Yd! And a variety of other Goods at like reduced fig-NOTICE is hereby given that the partnership heretofore existing between Robert M Miller and Warner Rockenbaugh. Inder the name of MILLER & ROCKENBAUGH, was dissolved on THAN THEY CAN BE PURCHASED ELSEWARD. THAN THEY CAN BE PURCHASED ELSEWHERE. READY-MADE CLOTHING

of all styles and sizes, and at prices hitherto un-known. JOSEP H GOLDSMITH. known. Nov. 24, 1868. ATTENTION FARMERS

HAVING completed such arrangements as are necessary, I am now about to resume opera. SHANNONDALE DISTILLERY, and will pay the highest Cash price for CORN, RYE and HOGS. Farmers or others having these articles for sale, can apply to me in Charlestown or at the Bistillery.

JOHN AVIS. the Distillery.
January 5, 1869-tf.

RESH Groceries just received, among them a very superior Syrup at a very low figure.

December 22, 1868.

D. HOWELL. PHAM'S Fresh Meat Cure just received and for sale by AISQUITH & WASHINGTON.

MISCELLANEOUS



RING'S

VEGETABLE AMBROSIA IS THE MIRACLE OF THE AGE!

Gray-Headed People have their locks restored by it to the dark, lustrous, silken tresses of youth, and are happy! Young People, with light, faded or red Hair, have these unfashionable colors changed to a beautiful auburn, and rejoice!

People whose heads are covered with Dandruff and Humors, use it, and have clean coats and clear and healthy scalps! Bald-Headed Veterans have their remaining locks tightened, and the bare spots covered with a luxuriant growth of Hair, and dance for joy! Young Gentlemen use it because it is

richly perfumed! Young Ladies use it because it keeps their Hair in place! Everybody was and will use it, because it is the deanest and best article in the market!

For Sale by Druggists generally. AISQUITH & BRO., Charlestown, Va., sole Agents for Jefferson county. July 21, 1868-6m.

ROSADALIS, THE GREAT

Blood Purifier, CURES Scrofula in its Various Forms, SUCH AS Consumption in its Lartier stages, Enlargement
and Ulceration of the Glands, Joints, Bones,
Kidneys, Uterus, Chronic Rheumatism,
Ereptions of the Skin, Ctronic

Sore Eyes, &c SYPHILIS IN ALL ITS FORMS

DISEASES OF WOMEN, oss of Appetite, Sick Headache, Liver Com-plaint, Puin in the Back, Imprudence in Life, Gravel, GENERAL BAD HEALTH,

and all diseases of the DLOOD, LIVER, RIDNEYS & BLADDER. It is a Porfect Renovator.

PROSADALIS eradicates every kind of lumor and bad taint, and restores the entire system to a healthy condition. It is Perfectly Harriess, never producing the slightest injury.

127 It is not a Secret Quack Remedy.
These leles (which it is made are published around each bottle.

Recommended by the Medical Faculty and Many Thousands of our Best Citize FTTor Testimonials of remarkable cures, se

PRIPARED ONLY BY DR J. J. LAWRENCE & CO. 244 Ballimore Street, BALTIMORE, MD.

Fer Sale by Druggists Everywhere For sale by ASQUITH & BRO., Charlestown.

[ISAAC B. MYERS. [JOHN L. SCHILLING. ISAAC B. MYERS & Co HIGHLY IMPORTANT!

NEWS FOR CLARKE!! W HEREAS, the deplorable condition of affairs in Virginia has compelled many of her sons to seek a livelihood elsewhere, we are induced, ing ourselves Virginians, to commence business in Berryville, Clarke county, among those whom we know to BE Virginians, holding sentiments congenial to our own

Therefore, We, the undersigned, would respectfully inform the citizens of Berryville and Clarke county, that we have opened at the CLARKE COUNTY CLOTHING STORE, a fine and well selected stock of Clothing and GENTS FURNISHING GOODS, HATS, BOOTS, SHOES, TRUNKS & NOTIONS,

ALSO, a select supply of Cigars and Tobacco. Hoping by close attention to business to merit a fair share of the public patronage, and to become i entified with the interests of the community, we shall be glad to have the citizens call at our NEW CORNER STORE, in Stahl's Coach Factory Build ing, on Main Street, opposite Mr Carter Shepherd residence. I. B. MYERS & CO. September 8, 1868-1y.

TO THE PUBLIC. TO AFFLICTED FEMALES! IMPORTANT RE LIEF AND PERMANENT CURE

> PROLAPSUS UTERI. OR FALLING OF THE WOMB.

HAVE been allowed by the Department at Washington, D.C., a Patent for an Abdominal Supporter, invented by me, to relieve and certainly cure that aunoying and common malady among the females of our country, known as Prolapsus Uteri, or Falling of the Womb.

THIS SUPPORTER WILL GIVE IMMEDIATE RELIEF. This Supporter will Effect a Permanent Cure. I have tried this invention upon a number of fe-males suffering from falling of the womb, and it has Given Relief in every instance without a SINGLE FAILURE.

ITS UNIFORM SUCCESS IN EVERY APPLI-CATION has satisfied the inventor and all who have tried it, that this Supporter is a most valuable relief ONLY ASK THE SUFFERING TO GIVE IT I will furnish a limited number of applicants with this Supporter upon the receipt of \$3.00 each.

Arrangements will soon be completed to furnish any demand. Address me at Harrisonburg, Va.

JOSEPH FUNKHOUSER.

ENTLER'S SURE CURE. Has never yet failed to cure the severest cases of Cholera, Dysentery, Cholera Morbus, Diarrhea, Fiux, Summer Complaint in children, &c. Munufactured by W. M. Entler & Co., Shepherdstown, W. Va. Price 35 cts per bot tle. Full directions on each bottle. See circulars. Sold everywhere. No cure, no pay Every person should keep it constantly on hand For sale by CAMPBELL & MASON, Charlestown. June 23. 1868-17.

October 6, 1868-3m.

SECURE THE SHADOW, ERE THE SUBSTANCE FADES. A ND accordingly the citizens of Charlestown and vicinity, are invited to call at my gallery (opposite the Carter House, lately Bichl's Marble Yard.) where I will be plessed to wait on them and PHOTOGRAPH their faces as faithfully as the Camera, assisted by a properly managed light, can do. Call and try me, and I will do my best to December 24, 1867—3m.

NOW IS YOUR CHANCE. PERSONS wishing to have their Pianos tuned have now an excellent opportunity for having it done, by applying immediately to

L. DINKLE,

At his Jewelry Store.

T ADIES' DRESS GOODS, Another supply just received by A. W. CRAMER. AGRICULTURAL AND HARDWARE

Agricultural Implements.

HARDWARE.

CHARLESTOWN, VA.

AGRICULTURAL DEPARTMENT,

RUSSELL'S REAPER & MOWER,

per-for which we are Distributing Agents.

RUSSELL'S THRESHER & SEPA-

RATOR, AND HORSE POWER,

Also Sole Agents for

NATIONAL & HOOSIER FODDER

CUTTER.

Latest and most highly improved CIDER MILL.

GRAIN DRILLS,

OHIO GRINDSTONES, direct from miners and

PATENT ADJUSTIBLE TIME, PITCH AND MANURE FORKS—latest invention.

CORNSHELLERS, Snathes, Wire and Wood Tooth

Horse Rakes, Scoops, Shovels, Whet Stones, Brian and Bush Hooks, and Scythes.

CHURNS OF ALL KINDS, and many other Ma

chines and Tools, useful to Farmers and others.

TURNERS AMMONIATED PHOSPHATE EXCELSIOR GUANO.

Other brands at wholesale prices.

HARDWARE DEPARTMENT,

CONSISTS OF

IRON, STEEL, HORSE SHOES, MULE SHOES, HORSE NAILS, BASPS, BRACES, BITTS, AUGURS GIM-LETS, ADZES, AXES, COM-PASSES, CALIPERS, BOR-ING MACHINES, MORTISE MACHINES, JACKSCREWS,

CHAINS, RAKES, HAMES, TROW-

ELS. SCYTHES. NAILS.

SPIKES, LOCKS, HINGES

BOLTS. FILES, CHISELS, LEVELS, PLANES, BEVELS, AN

ILS, BELLOWS, VISES, SCREW PLATES TIRE BENDERS SCREW WRENCHES,

FORKS, SHOVELS, SCOOPS, MAT-FOCKS, PICKS, HOES, RULES,

CBOSS CUT SAWS, MILI SAWS, CIRCULARSAWS,

Hook-Tooth Saws, Hand Saws, Compass Saws,
Whip Saws, Hatchets Hammers. Draw Knives,
Spoke Shaves, Harness Hardware, Coffin
Trimmings, Shoe Findings, Masons'
Tools, Brushes, Cordage, Handles,
Cutlery, Drills, Scales,
With many Housekeeping and Furnishing Goods
both American and Imported.
Thankful for past favors, we solicit orders for the

March 3, 1868 D. HUMPHRFYS & CO.

AGRICULTURAL AND HARDWARE

STORE.

RANSON & DUKE.

HAWKS' COACH FACTORY BUILDING,

Charlestown, Jefferson County

DEALERS IN

AGRICULTURAL IMPLEMENTS,

HARDWARE,

SEEDS. FERTILIZERS, STOVES, &C.

McCORMICK'S PRIZE SELF RAKING REAPER,

the only perfect reaper in LODGED GRAIN, greatly improved for 1868: McCORMICK'S PRIZE MOW

ER-for every variety of Grass and Land, it has no suprance: Self-Discharging Hay and Grain Horse Rakes; Hay. Straw and Fodder Cutters, o

the most approved patterns; Grain Drills, with and without Guano Attachment and Grass Seed Sower.

WHEAT FANS, CORN SHELLERS,

PLOWS OF ALL KINDS,

Churns of various kinds; Cistern Pumps, several kinds; Platform and Family Scales; Grindstones and Fixtures; Boring Machines; Jack Screws; Blacksmith's Drills; Cooking Stoves, for Wood or Coal; Waldron's Grain and Grass Scythes,

GARDEN, FIELD & FLOWER SEEDS

BUILDING MATERIALS,

Nails, Door Locks, Bolts, Screws, Hinges, Blind

MECHANICS! TOOLS.

Planes, Rules, Files, Chisels, Guages, Braces, Squares, Auger, Bitis, Axes. Hatchets, Saws, Pincers, Compasses, Spirit Levels, &c.

TABLE AND POCKET CUTLERY,

Shovels. Forks, Garden Tools, Chains, Hames, Briar Scythes, Hoes, Horse Shoes, Horse Nails, &c. Cordage, Wooden Ware, &c., allof which we guar-antee to furnish as low as any house in the Valley.

OPENING OF A

BALTO. BRANCH CLOTHING HOUSE,

In Charlestown, Jefferson County.

MR. ABR. GOODMAN.

RESPECTFULLY informs the citizens of this and surrounding counties, that he has opened a Branch Store in Charlestown, at M. Behrend's old

stand, where constantly can be found a full and

READY-MADE CLOTHING,

March 31, 1868. [Papers advirtising for us, please copy.]

FINE PLATED FORKS,

IJ. ED. DUKE.

A. R. H. RANSON.]

AVE in store and for sale:

(English) all lengths.

well made up stock of

Fasteners, &c, &c.

PLOWS and PLOW CASTINGS.

The most popular machine in the West.

With and without Goano Attachment. will please.

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D. HUMPHREYS & JAS. LAW. HOOFF. DURFIBLDS. Where Goods are Sold as Cheap as they can be Purchased at any House Out-POREIGN AND DOMESTIC

side the City to 525

and hope to receive a share of public patronage.
SNYDER, LINK & OSBOURN.
Duffield's, October 27, 1868

JEFFERSON & CLARKE COUNTIES. AGRICULTURAL IMPLEMENTS. manufacturers, with or without Fixtures and PUMPS - all kinds - for Wells or Cisterns; Water Drawers, Chain and Tubing, FAIRBANKS' AND PITTSBURG ECALES, at FERTILIZERS OF DIFFERENT KINDS. CRADLES AND SCYTHES-Fuglish and Ameri-

> pon ; Mr. J. T Griffith, Berryville; or Mr. Wm. Grove, Millwood, will be premptly attended to.
> SNYDER, LINK & OSBOURN.
> Duffield's, Jefferson county, W. Va.
> April 14, 1868.

CHARLESTOWN MARBLE WORKS, Main Street, Opposite the Carter House CHARLESTOWN.

Diehl & Bro MANUFACTURERS OF MONUMENTS, TOMBS, HEAD & FOOT

STONES, MANTLES, STATUES, AND CARVING, business. All orders promptly filled at the lowest rate, and shortest notice, and all work delivered and put up, and guaranteed to suit purchasers.If not, no sale. Please call and see, and judge fo onize Home Manufacturers. The subscribers have also in operation their sho n Martinsburg, where they will give prompt attention to all work entrusted to them

MECHANICAL.

RCHITECTS & BUILDERS Ch. rlestown, Jefferson County, VIRGINIA. OUR experience in the business which we adver-

GEOMETRICAL STAIRWAYS, where calculation is required, they are confident that they cannot be surpassed by any workmen in

the Valley of Virginia.

(3) Being well known in the community, they deem it unnecessary to say more, than that orders left for them will receive prompt attention. April 7, 1868-tf,

TO THE PUBLIC.

with a view to conducting the business of a HOUSE-CARPENTER AND BUILDER. when not elsewhere engaged. When not at home, any orders may be left with my father.

SAMUEL MYERS.

SASH FACTORY.

NG, MOULDINGS, BRACKETS, or any kind of Scroll Sawing, and everything needed in the way of woodwork about the building of Houses, at our "BLOOMERY SASH FACTORY." miles from Charlestown.

LUMBER OF ALL KINDS, either Rough or Dressed, kept constantly on hand for sale. Post office, Charlestown, Jefferson coun ty, West Va. KEARSLEY & SHEERER. WILLIAM PHILLIPS, Manager.

For Men, Youths and Boys, and a full line of GENT'S FURNISHING GOODS, B. B. V. 1867. HATS TRUNKS, &c. The undersigned also informs the public that he will sell at the lowest Baltimore Prices, and defies competition this side of Baltimore.

ABR. GOUDMAN,
At M. Behrend's Old Stand.
P. S - The make of the goods is warranted.
September 29, 1868.

JOHN M. LOCKE. MRS. MARY C. LUPTON. American Hotel,

HARRISONBURG, VA. THIS well-known Hotel has been entirely renovated, and the new Proprietors promise that Guests shall receive every comfort which well-stocked Larders, clean Beds, and attentive Servanst afford.

TERMS, \$2.50 PER DAY. November 17, 1868-3m. SHENANDOAH HOUSE. Queen Street, Below Race,

MARTINSBURG, W. VA. JOHN FELLER, PROPRIETOR. bly entertained at moderate rates.

THE BAR rivals competition in the quality of its LIQUORS, and in every other matter pertaining to this department.

10 We shall endeavor to please all who favor with a call. March 24, 1868. UPHOLSTERING.

THE undersigned would respectfully announce to the citizens of Charlestown and vicinity, that he is prepared to repair SOFAS, CHAIRS, MATTRASSES. AND VENITIAN BLINDS. All orders left with Mr. George W. Sadler, will be

promptly attended to.

(17)-All work warranted to give satisfaction.

November 3, 1868 W. T. SIMMONS. CLOTHS, CASSIMERES & VESTINGS,
Gentlemen's Shirts, Shirt Collars and Cravats,
Merino Gloves and Socks, Hats and Cape, Boots
and Shoes.
A. W. CRAMER. DUFFIELD'S TRADE.

HO! HO! FOR THE NEW STORE AT

THE falling leaves remind us of the approach of Winter, and that it is high time to lay our summer wetr saide, and provide for the chilling blasts that must come with the approaching season. To meet the demands, the undersigned have made every arrangement, and have just returned from the City with a New and GENERAL ASSORTMENT OF GOODS embracing everything usually found in a Country Store. And we are determined to sell. Numbers have found this cheap side No. I, and the cry is still they come. The demand for goods does not, however, as is generally the case, increase the price, but the more goods sold, the cheaper we sell. We therefore cordially invite the citizens of Duffield's and vicinity to give us a call, and see that what we say is correct. Thankful for past favors, we solicit and hope to receive a share of public patronage.

NOTICE TO THE FARMERS

WE would announce to the farmers of Jefferson and Clarke counties, that we will keep on hand and order all kinds of such as Wood's Self-Rake Reaper, Wood's Prize
Mower, for which we are sole agents for Jefferson
and Clarke counties; Crowe. Davison's Gum
Spring Dvill—Willoughby's patent—sole agents
for Jefferson; Wire Tooth Horse-Rakes of different
kinds, Hay Hoisters, Corn Shellers. Hay, Straw
and Fodder Cutters; Wheat Fans, Ploughs of different kinds, Forks, Shovels, Hoes, Mowing Soythes
Grain Craoles, Hand Rakes; and will also furnish For particulars of R. aper and Mower see circulars, which will be distributed, giving certificates.—Persons wishing Attachments to Reapers purchased last year will give us their orders early.

By All orders left with Mr. John N Sadler, Rippens Mr. I. T. Castinia Bernaulla.

MARBLE WORKS.



all its various branches, and all work in their DIEHL & BRO.

Charlestown, Feb. 19, 1867-od May 15, 1866.

DAVID H. COCKBILL.] [JOSEPH H. COCKBILI DAVID H. COCKRILL & SON,

OUR experience in the business which we advertise to conduct, and our therough acquaintance with it in all its branches, enable us to assure the public that any work entrusted to us will be executed in the floost workmanlike manner, and with the ulmost dispatch. Having stood to their posts in the Contederate army during the four years' struggle which it so manfully encountered, they have located in their native county, where their services are offered in building up the waste places, and in carrying out practical reconstruction.

Particular attention given at all times to the drawing of plans and specifications; and in the construction of

HAVING bermanently located in Charlestown, take this opportunity of informing the public that I take this opportunity of informing the public that I will give prompt attention to all work that may be entrusted to my care. My experience in the bu siness is such as to afford a guarantee that those who employ me will have no cause to regret it.

(15-My shop is at the residence of my father, Mr. Nathaniel Myers, where I will always be found, there are also where a careful will always be found,

Feb 11, 1868-17. THE undersigned are now prepared to furnish FRAMES, DOORS, BLINDS, SASH, FLOOR

on the Shenandoah river, 21 miles above Keyes Ferry, 3 miles below Shannondale Springs, and 3 As this is a home enterprise we look for the pat-ronage of our own people and if they do not en-courage us it will not be on account of either our prices, quality of work, or spirit of accommodation.

April 14, 1868 BECKWITH'S ELECTRIC LINIMENT.

FOR the cure of Neuralgia, Rheumatism, Strains of the Joints, Numbness of the Limbs, Swelling of the Joints or Limbs, Bruises or any Bone or Nerve Affections, Incipient stages of Croup, Chilblains, &c., &c. Read the Certificates:

We hereby certify that we have used 'Beckwith' Electric Liniment' for Rheumatism and Neuralgia and received entire relief from its application.— We confidently recommend it to the public.

Mas. F. M. RANSON, Jeff Co., Va. Mas. T. H. WILLIS, LIZZIES. PAGE, MILDRED C. WATERS, "REV. C M. CALLAWAY, 609 Wes

Lombard Street, Baltimore. Middleway, Jeff. Co , W. Va.,

January 21st, 1868. MR. GEO. H. BECKWITH : Dear Sir—A few days since I sprained my ankle very severely. It was badly swollen, and very painful—I could not set on my boot. A friend gave me some of your Liniment. I used it once only -

I am, sir, yours gratefully, GEO. W. NEL-ON. RG- FOR SALE BY AISQUITH & BRO. and CAMP-BEIL & MASON, Druggists at Charlestown, January 28, 1868—1y.

To the

I AVING purchased avaluated land, and located a Sawland, and located a Saw-Mill upon it with a capacity of sawing forty thousand feet of Lumber weekly, I will be prepared to furnish nearly EVERY VARIETY OF LUMBER. Such as Pine Plank, Joists, Rafters, Stud ding, Plastering Lath, Chestnut Falings, Oak Fencing Plank, &c.

Lumber will be kept constantly on hand at the Mill, 1; miles above Kearsley & Sheerer's Planing Mill, on the Shenandoah river, and at Messra. Humphreys & Hooff's Lumber yard at Charlestown.

Persons contemplating building will promote their interests by calling upon the subscriber in person, or Messrs. Humphreys & Hooff, before going claewhere.

GEO. W. EICHELBERGER.

August 11, 1868—6m.

MISCELLANEOUS.



No Humbug Here

HE subscriber, having just returned from Fred erick City, with an extensive stock of superior naterial, is prepared to offer to the citizens of Jeferson county, the very best bargains in BOOTS AND SHOES,

manufactured under his own supervision, by the cest city workmen. His stock is such as to recomnend it to every judge of BEATHER,

and has been purchased with great care from the manufactory of Messrs. Bants & Wachter, of Frederick, the oldest and most experienced TANNERS in the State of Maryland — As he employs none but the best workmen—such as thoroughly understand the trade—and works none other than the best finished material, he feels confident of his ability to give satisfaction. Especial attention given to the finer quality of LADIES' WORK.

For the accommodation of the trade, he will keep on hand, at all times, a complete assortment of READY-MADE WORK, which he will warrant to compare with any that can be found in the country.

REPAIRING done in the best style, on the shorter ice. New WORK and REPAIRING execu

from twelve to forty-eight bours, and no disap-pointments at the hour promised WATER-PROOF COMPOSITION. He has constantly on hand a supply of this valuable article, which has been used during the past winter with entire satisfaction by many of his customers. He would refer those who wish to know something of its value to the following gentlemen, who have used it with effect, viz:—Dr. John D. Starry, W. J. Hawks, Capt. John J. Lock, W. Eby and George W Eichelberger.

April 21, 1868—6m.

J. C. KEMP.

FOUTZ'S MIXTURE, The Great External Remedy, For Man and Beast. IT WILL CURE RHEUMATISM

The reputation of this preparation is so well estab-lished, that little need be said in this connection On MAN it has never failed to cure PAINFUL NERVOUS AFFECTIONS, CONTRACTING MUSCLES, STIFFNESS AND PAINS IN THE JOINTS, STITCHES in the SIDE or SWELLINGS, CORNS and FROSTED FEET. Person affected with Rheumatism can be effectually and permanently cured by using this wonderful preparation; it penetrates to the nerve and bone impediately up being amplied. preparation; it penetrates to the nerve and bone immediately on being applied.

On HORSES it will care SCRATCHES, SWEENEY POLL-EVIL, FISTULA, OLD RUNNING SORES, SADDLE OF COLLAR GALLS, SPRAINED JOINTS, STIFFNESS OF THE STIFLES, &c. It will prevent HOLLOW-HORN and WEAK BACK IN

MILCH COWS. I have met with great success in bringing my Mix-ture within the reach of the Public. I am daily in receipt of letters from Physicians, Druggists, Mer-chants and Farmers, testifying to its curative powers. DAVID E. FOUTZ, Sole Proprietor, BALTIMORE, Mp.

CAMPBELL & MASON Wholesais and Retail Agents for Jefferson county. June 16, 1858-1y.

SETTLE UP! SETTLE UP! OUR accounts are now ready for, and we inst Jupon an in-mediate settlement of the same to January 1st, 1868 Hereafter we will consider our accounts due on the first of April, first of July, first of Occober, and first of January, when they will be made off and payment expected. Thankful for past favors, we hope by strict attention to business to gain many new customers.

10-11 you want your MACHINES repaired, send them in at once.

FARMING IMPLEMENTS AND MACHINERY. We employ none but the best Mechanics and use the best Material. The community can rely upon quick, neat and substantial work, and at prices to suit the times. We are determined to do work as suit the times. We are determined to do work as low as can be done in the County for CASH, which will be required for all transient custom.

We will make to order Threshing Machines and Horse Powers of the latest patterns; PLOUGHS of different kinds always on hand, amongst which will be found the celebrated three horse Livingston; two-horse do; the old fashioned three-horse Barshear; McCormick do., for two and three Lorses; also the three-horse Pages Plaugh: also an imshear; McCormick do., for two and three Lorses; also, the three-horse Page Plough; also an improved Kentucky single and double shovel Plough. Plough Irons—such as Shares, Coulters, Shovels, (single and double) Mould-boards of all kinds, Open Rings. Open Links, &c. Special attention paid to Mill work in Steel and Iron. Turning and Boring in Iron and Steel. We now have in operations.

FOUNDRY, and we are now able to furnish Castings of good quality as low as can be bought elsewhere. All work entrusted to us will be done with dispatch, and guaranteed to give artisfaction. The highest price paid in Cash for Old Iron of all kinds. Give us a call at the Jefferson Machine Shop, Stone flerson Machine Shop, Stone WEIRICK & WELLER.

Charlestown, Jan. 29, 1868. THE WILLCOX & GIBBS' NOISELESS

FAMILY SEWING MACHINE WE claim for the WILLCOX & GIBB'S the fol-VV lowing points.

The "twisted loop stitch" made with one thread directly from spool, making a more elastic and durable stitch than is made by any other Machine, thus simplifying it by doing away with bobbins, shuttles, circular needles, under spools and their attendant complications The impossibility of setting the needle wrong, owing to patented device for adjusting the same.

The case and rapidity of motion, and not being able to turn backward by the foot, and non liability to get out of order.

The great range of work—Hemming, felling. braiding, binding, gathering, quilting, cording. tucking, embroidery, sewing from finest face to heaviest muslins or cloths without changing Machine.

KEARSLEY & SHEERER.

Agents for Jefferson and Clarke Counties. April 21, 1868. To the Ladies. MRS. A.C. MITCHELL & CO would most re-M specifully announce to the Ladies of the town and vicinity that they have just returned from Baltimore with a choice selection of Fall and Winter

styles of BONNETS, HATS, FLOWERS, RIBBONS, FEATHERS, VELVETS. SATINS, PLUSHES, &c. To which they invite their attention. Having se lected their stock with great care, they pledge themselves to give satisfaction to all who may patronize
them. Thankfultur the liberal patronage extended
heretofore, they hope by endeavoring to accommodate all, by neatness and dispatch, to merit the faver of their old customers and many next cores.

mers and many new ones. October 20, 1868. Free Press copy Im-THE LATEST FASHIONS OF FALL MILLINERY AND FANCY GOODS.

MRS. JULIA BEHRENO respectfully announces to the Ladies of Charlestown. Jefferson county, that she has recently returned from Baltimore with a splendid assortment of FALL AND WINTER MILLINERY. such as Hats. Bonnets, Bonnet Silk. Velvets, Flowers. Ruches, and all other articles belonging to a FASHIONABLE MILLINERY BUSINESS. Also NEW and large additions have just been built to this House, consisting of Dining Room, Sleeping Apartments, &c., and is now the best in the State, East of the Alieghany mountains. It is furnished in the most medern and elegent style, and travelers and the business public can be comfortation.

I am, sir, yours gratefully.

I used it once only—rubbed long and well at night, and the next morning was so far relieved as to be able to get on my boot and walk without fimping.

I believe it to be the greatest Liniment now known, and recommend it to every one.

I am, sir, yours gratefully. a large assorts ent of Ladies' Dress Trimmings. Buttons and a great variety of Fancy Goods and Notions too numerous to mention. vors. I kindly ask a further continuation of their custom.

Very respectfully,

Mrs. JULIA BEHREND,

Opposite Campbell & Mason's Drug Store, October 6, 186 — tf. GROCERIES. CRUSHED, Granulated and Coffee Sugar, Brown Sugar, Molasses Syrups, Best Green Tes, Roasted and Gr. en Rio Coffee, Cheese, Soda and Water Crackers, &c. A. W. CRAMER.

FURS.—We have just received an assortment of Ladies' and Children's FURS. October 20. KRARSLEY & SHERRER. ADIES' CLOAKS .—The very latest style of CLOAKS, just received.
October 20. KEARSLEY & SHEERER. YOU can get the best Gunpowder Tea, Rio, Jave and Laguyra Coffee, for sale by W. EBY. FRESH Tomatoes for sale by December 22, 1868. ELLY—assorted—in Wine Glasses and Tum-blers, for sale by W. ESY.

blers, for sale by

TOTEAVELLERS.

VINCEESTER AND POTOMAC R. R

TIME TABLE. Leave Harper's Ferry at 7 10 A M and 1 25 P M.

Leave Shenandosh at 7 14 A M and 1 29 P M.

Leave Keyes' Switch at 7 37 A M and 1 37 P M.

Leave Halltown at 7 36 A M and 1 43 P M.

Leave Charlestown at 7 54 A M and 1 54 P M.

Leave Cameron's at 8 12 A M and 2 08 P M.

Leave Summit Point at 8 30 A M and 2 16 P M.

Leave Opequon Bridge at 8 55 A M and 2 33 F M,

Leave Opequon Bridge at 8 55 A M and 2 33 F M,

Leave Stephenson's at 9 14 A M and 2 55 F M.

TRAISM GOING RAIT.

Leave Winchester at 9 35 A M and 2 55 F M.

Leave Winchester at 10 35 A M and 3 50 P M.

Leave Opequon Bridge at 10 57 A M and 3 57 P M.

Leave Opequon Bridge at 10 57 A M and 3 57 P M.

Leave Wadesville at 11 00 A M and 4 01 P M.

Leave Charlestown at 11 25 A M and 4 29 P M.

Leave Charlestown at 11 36 A M and 4 59 P. M.

Leave Halltown at 11 47 A M and 4 59 P M.

Leave Halltown at 11 47 A M and 5 40 P M.

Leave Shenandosh at 12 01 P M and 5 40 P M.

Arrive at Harper's Ferry 12 05 A M and 5 45 P M.

WINCHESTER ACCOMMODA TION

WINCHESTER ACCOMMODATION.

Arrive Harper's Forry Charlestown

A. B. WOOD, Agent, Harper's Ferry.

JOHN L. WILSON,

May 19, 1868. Master of Transportation BALTIMORE & O. R. R. COMPANY.

SCHEDULE of Passenger Trains arriving and de-parting at the Harper's Ferry Station : TRAINS BOUND EAST.

TRAINS BOUND WEST. Mail Fram, 102 P. M. 110 P. M. Fast Line, 836 P. M. 837 P. M. Express Train, 131 A. M. 132 A. M.

SADDLES AND HARNESS HARNESS, SADDLES AND BRIDLES

MANUFACTURED OR REPAIRED. At Charlestown, Jefferson County, Virginia. THE undersigned respectfully announces to the citizens of Charlestown and ricinity, that he is constantly making and repairing Carriage, Gig, Buggy, Coach and Wagon HARNESS, SADDLES, BRIDLES, HALTERS, &c., in the most durable marner, and the most modern style of workmanship, and at short notice and upon "living" terms. My work commends itself. All I ask is a share of the public patronage.

8 f- Call upon me at my establishment opposite
the "Carter House."

HENRY D. MIDDLEKAUFF. November 7, 1866-17 NOW IS THE TIME TO GET BARGAINS.

LADIES' DRESS GOODS is composed of Alpacas, Merinos, Serges, Delaines, Ginghams, &c. SELECT VARIETY OF NOTIONS,

DOMESTIC GOODS, Irish Linen, Jaconets, &c . also a fine ass and Boys' Wear, Boots and Sho s of all sizes. A full stock of GROCERIES, such as Sugar, Coffee, Teas of the best quality, Oils, Syrups, and that favorite brand of Tobacco, the Durham, all of which he is selling for THE CASH, or THERTY DAYS to prompt customers. Call and see his stock before purchasing elsewhere.

JAMES M. JOHNSTON. HAVING added some of the finest New Ma-chinery to the Shannondale Factory, now in use in the Valley of Virginia, is prepared, and will

WOOLLEN GOODS. LINSEYS, FULLED AND PLAID, CLOTHS, CASSIMERES AND TWEEDS,

FTOVES PREPARE FOR COLD WEATHER. W'E have the most extensive and complete and sortment of STOVES ever in this market, to which we call the attention of the public. Our Extension-Top Coking Stove-with Cast-

Gas Burner Stoves-for Heating one or two Rooms; Oriental Stove-all sizes; Morning Glory - all sizes;

ORIENTALS GIVE SATISFACTION ! Orientals save Trouble! Orientals save Money! Orientals are the Best Stoves! Do not waste your Money, Time and Pa-Tience with "worthless" Morning Glories! Buy an Oriental Stove and be comfortable! Get the GENUINE ORIENTAL STOVES of Nov 24 1868

NOTICE. TRUSSELL & CO, respectfully inform the public that they have sold out the entire stock of Merchandise, Fixtures and Good Will of their Store in Charlestown, to Messrs. John H. Campbell and Horace A. West, for whom they solicit the encouragement and kindness extended since their commencement in business. Those indebted—many on account of by far too long standing—will be required to come forward and settle the same AT open, as no longer indulgence can be given.

October 27, 1868.

TRUSSELL & CO.

GREAT DECLINE IN PRICES. D. HOWELL is now opening a large and well selected stock of goods, consisting of DRY GOODS, GROCERIES, BOOTS, SHOES, HATS, Queensware, Woodenwere, Notions, Cassimeres, &c., to which he invites the attention of all wishing

asks is a trial. October 13, 1863. BOOTS AND SHOES. VERY superior Coarse Boots, Touths' and Boys'
Boots—extra quality, Extra heavy high out
Brogams, Ladies' and Misses' Caff Walking Shoes.
Ladies' and Misses' Polish Boots, Front Lace and
Congress Gaiters—extra quality. These goods are
city-made and fully equal to any made in our midst.
Ladies are invited to examine our stock before pur-

UST received a choice lot of Segars and Smokin Tobacco, which I offer as cheep as they can burchased class here. W.S. MASON.

PAINTS, Oile, Varnishes and Window G. all sizes, for sale by W. S. MAS TOBACCO Antidote just res

Fast Line, 716 A.M. 717 A.M. Express Train, a 12 37 P. M. 12 38 P. M.

Office open at all hours for trains. Through Tick ets sold to all the principal cities of the Union.

For further Information inquire at the Office.

A. B. WOOD Acast.

Harpers Ferry, May. 14, 1867.

EUGENE WEST has just returned from Balti-more with a full and complete assortment of Goods, that will compare with any in the market, for quality and cheapness. His stock of

consisting of Hosiery, Gloves, French Corsetts, keich ie fa, Buttons, Linen Tapes, Rufflings, Aipaca Braid, Gimp, all colors, &c., &c. A full stock of Bleached and Brown Muslins, Bird Eye Diaper GENTS' CLOTHS AND CASSIMERES,

ing elsewhere. October 27, 1868.

and with his improved and superior facilities, is satisfied that he will be able to offer to the public an article of GOODS, that cannot be surpassed, if equalled, by any other establishment.

By Baltimore Prices paid for WOOL in Cash. JAS. M. JOHNSTON. March 19, 1858--tf

Iron Boiler and Tin Heater attached ; Improved Egg Stove-Open or Air-Tight;

And a great variety of other Stoves for Wood or Coal Those desiring Stoves will please leave orders early.

MILLER & SMITH.

Charlestown, September 8, 1868 STOVES! STOVES!

Nov. 24, 1868. D. HUMPHREYS & CO. Papers advertising for us copy.

New Goods.

bargains.

He would ask the special attention of the gentlamen to his stock of CLOTHS and CASSIMERES, which is larger than ever before comprising all the late styles of plans and fancy goods. Beaver the late styles of plans and fancy goods. Beaver and Tricot Cloths for Overcoats and Cloaks, Black French Cloth, Doeskin Cassimeres, All Wool Ker-sevs. Drab and Gray Linseys, Sattinetts, &c. These goods have been bought with great care, and at prices much below those of last Fall. All he

October 13, 1868.